The background of the slide features a photograph of a power transmission system. In the foreground, there are solar panels. Above them, a complex network of power lines and towers stretches across a sky filled with warm, orange and yellow hues of a sunset or sunrise. The text is overlaid on a solid blue rectangular area in the upper right quadrant.

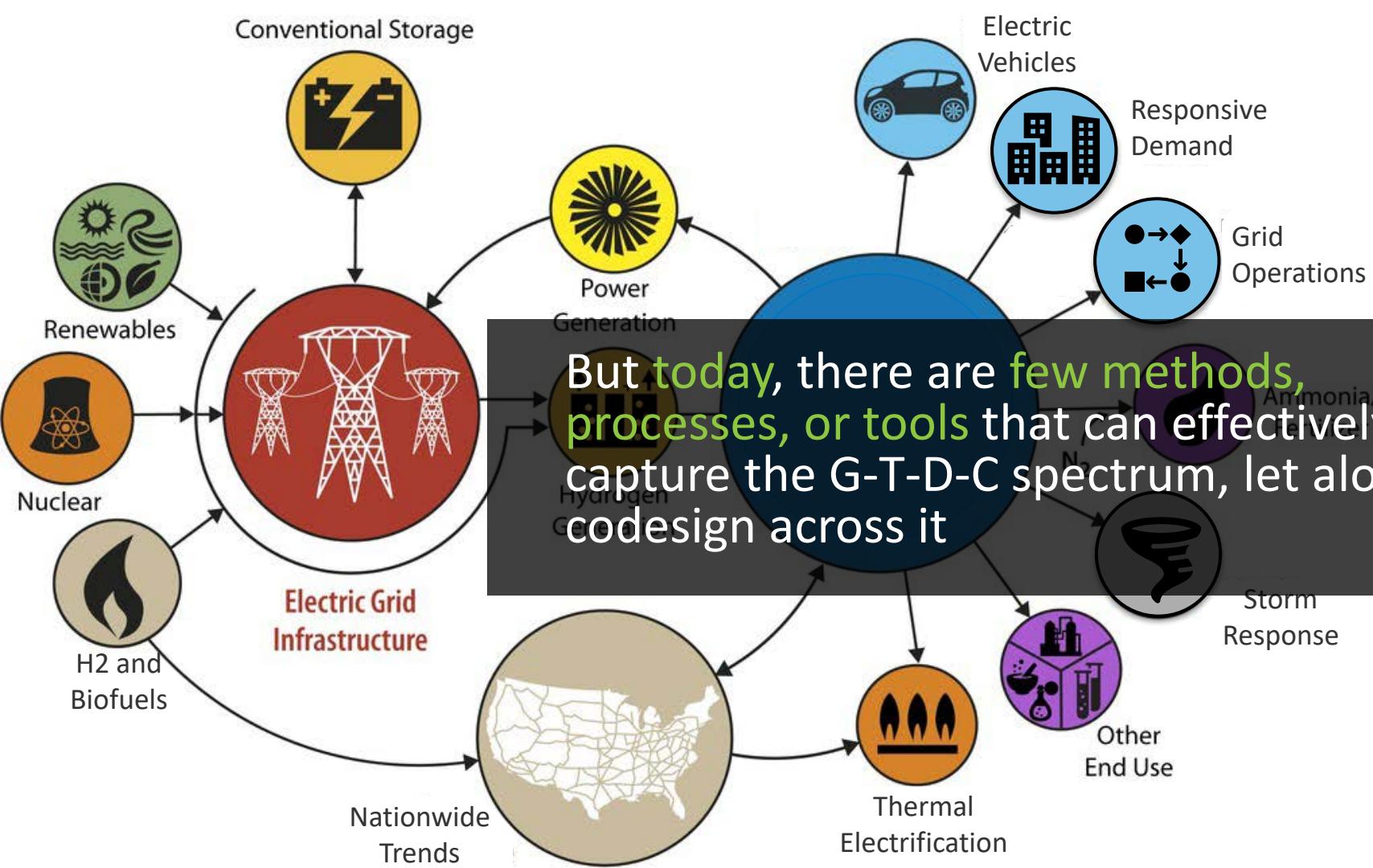
Utility and Grid Operator Resources for Future Power Systems Webinar Series

Transmission and Distribution Coordination

Bryan Palmintier, Ph.D.,
National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL)
NREL Webinar Series
June 17, 2025



Planning the **future grid** and interconnected energy system requires balancing **generation (G)**, **transmission (T)**, **distribution (D)**, and **customer (C)** resources while also increasingly capturing **engineering details** in planning

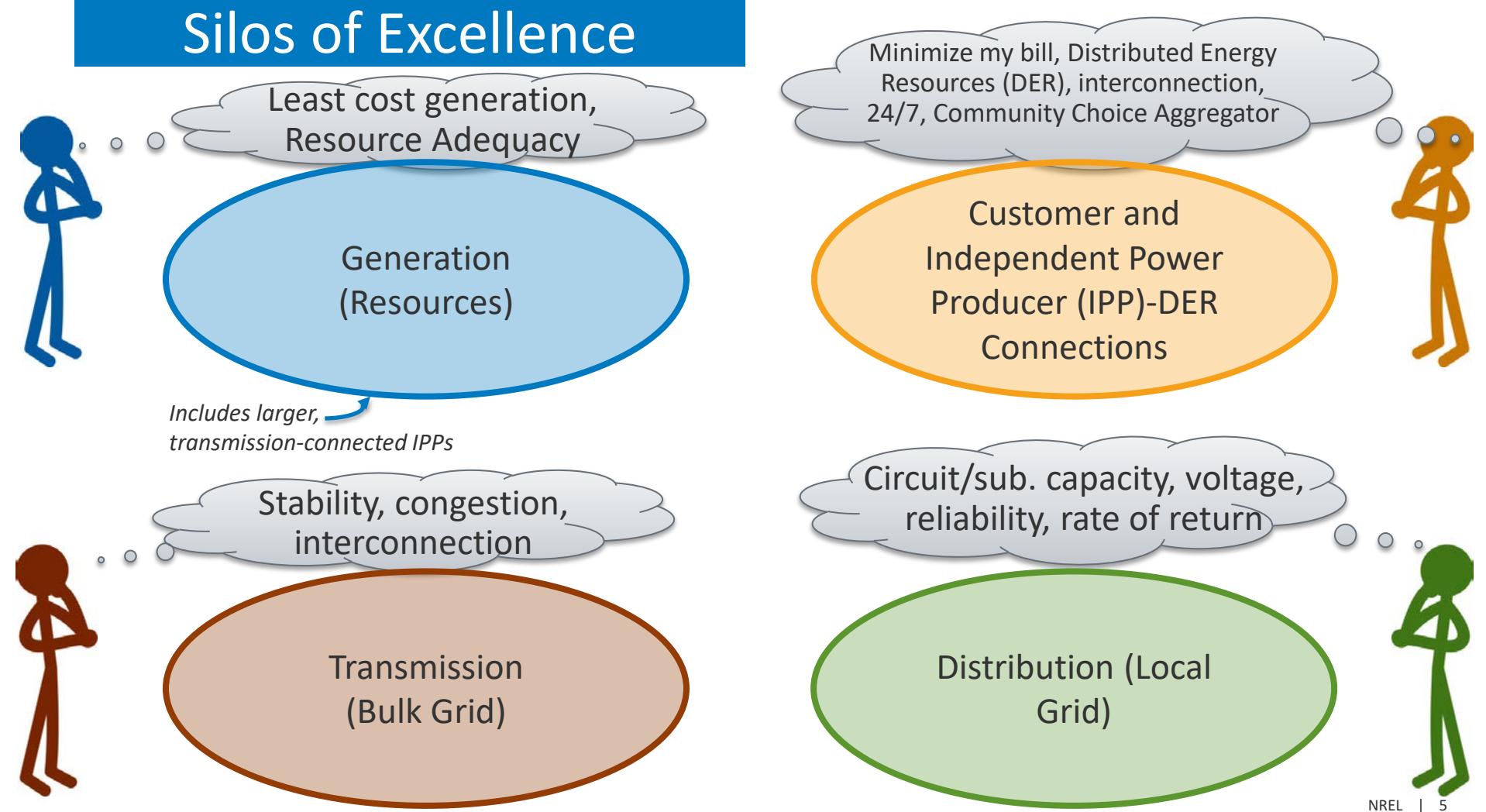


Thermal
Electrification

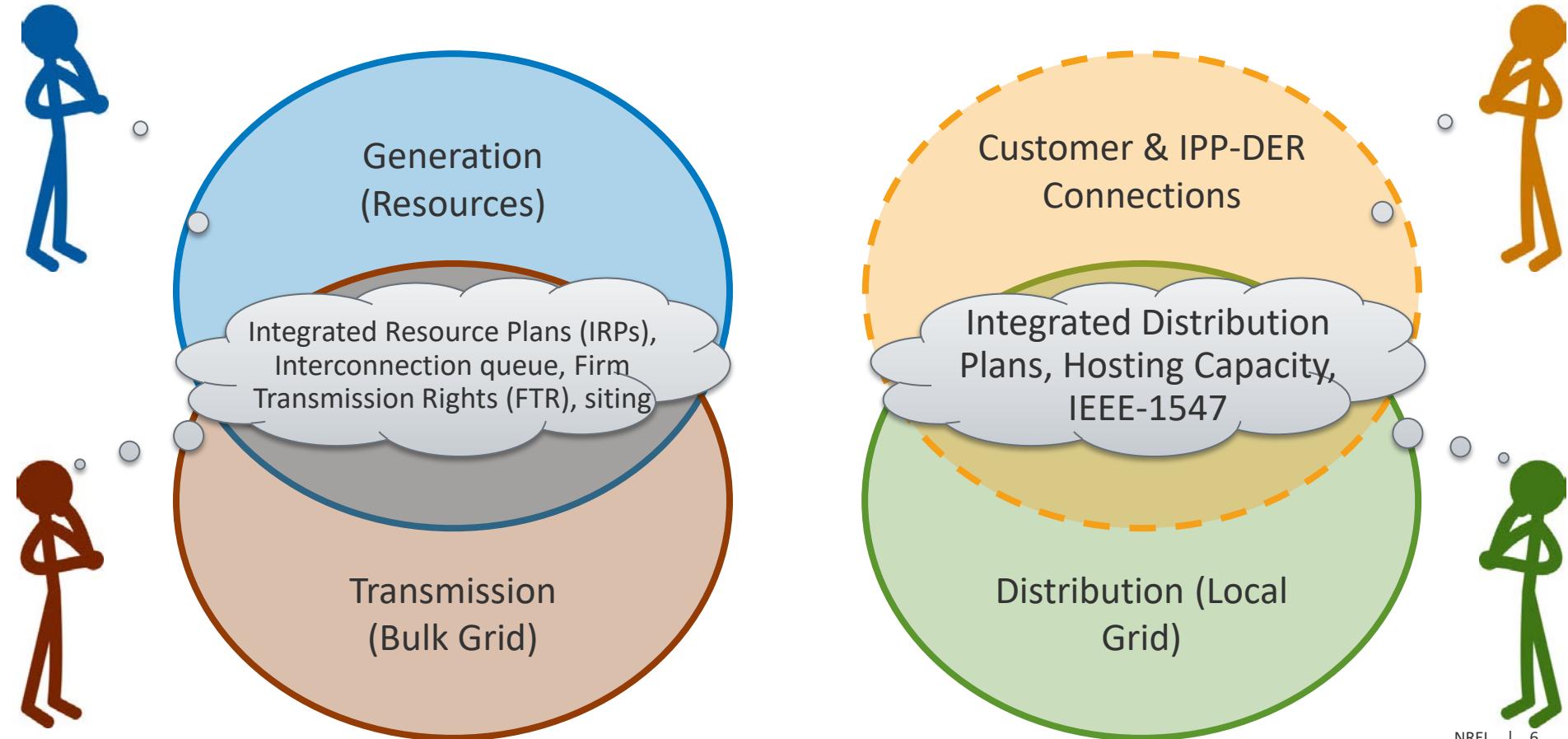


There are many opportunities to create **new approaches for holistic G-T-D-C planning of reliable and affordable electric grid-connected future energy systems**

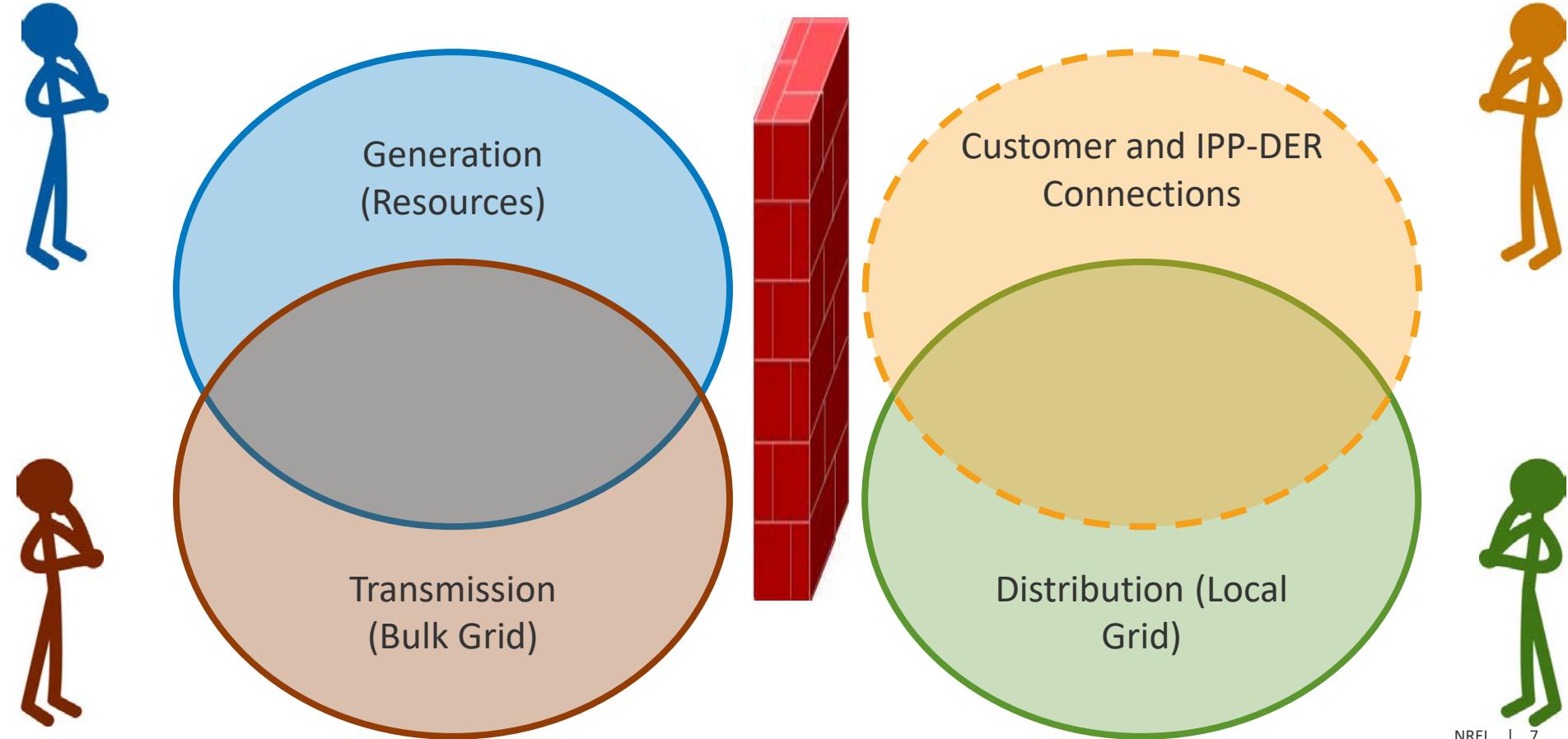
Silos of Excellence



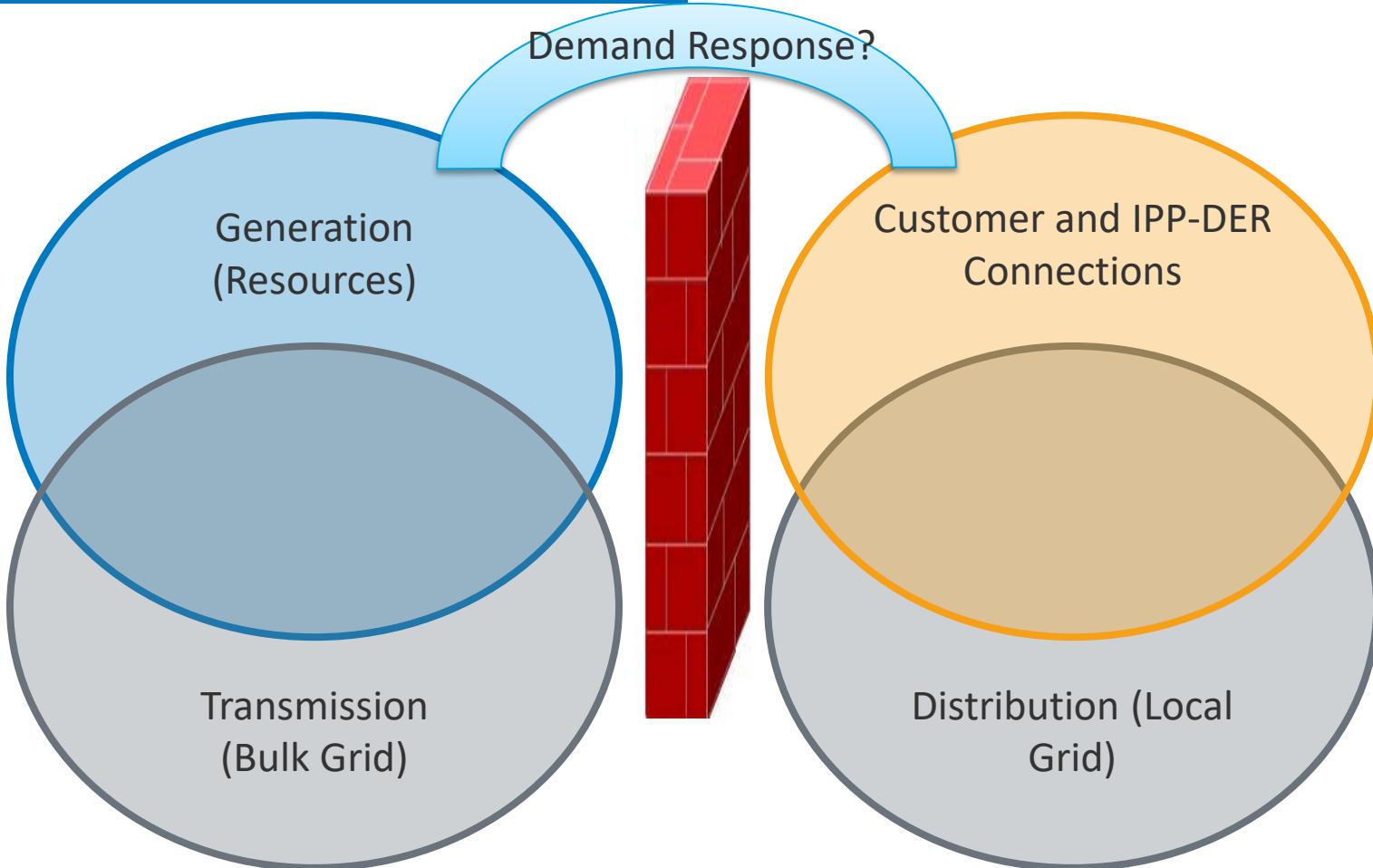
(Partly) Integrated Planning Within Spatial Scales



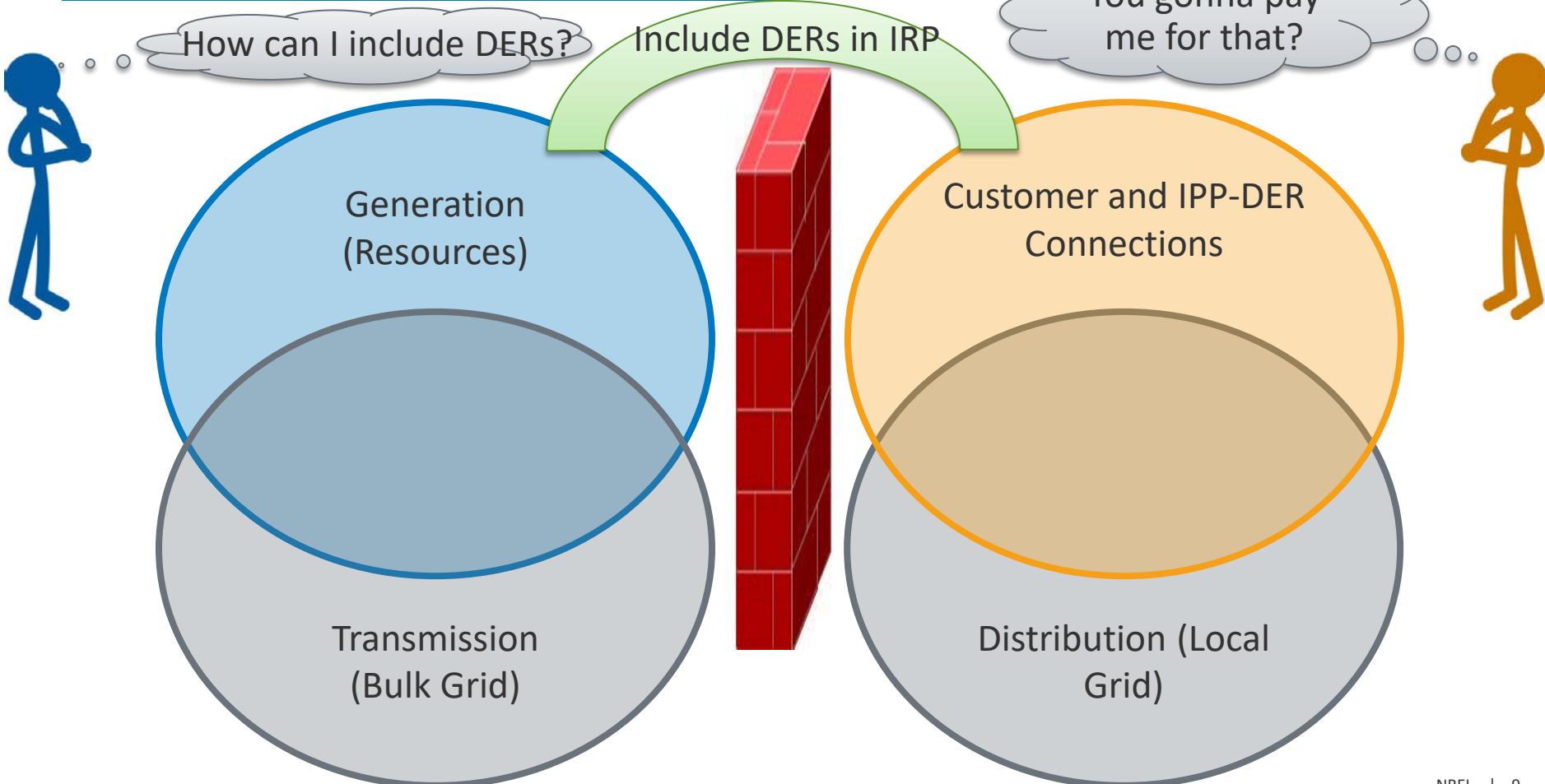
The T-D wall



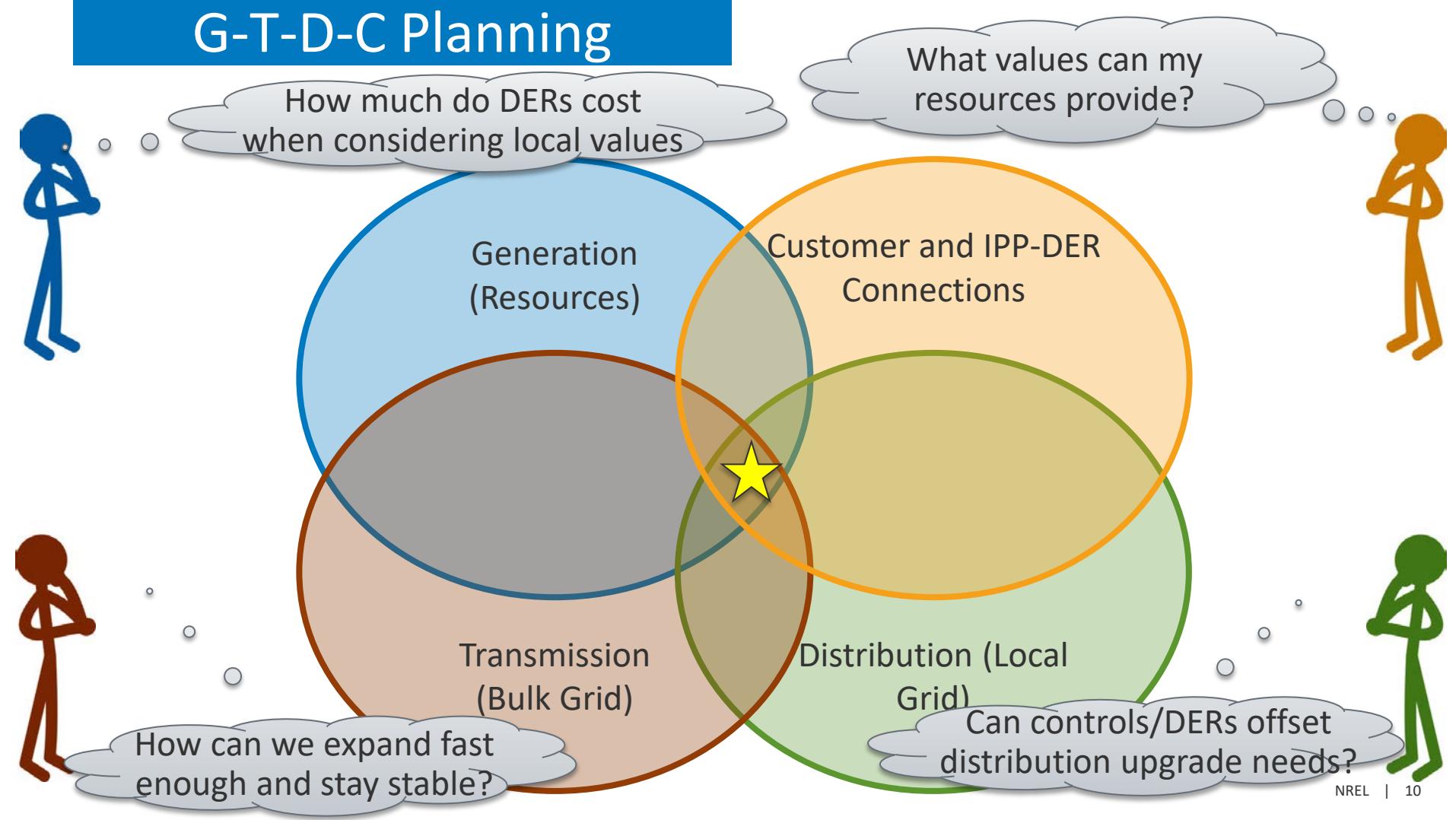
The T-D wall



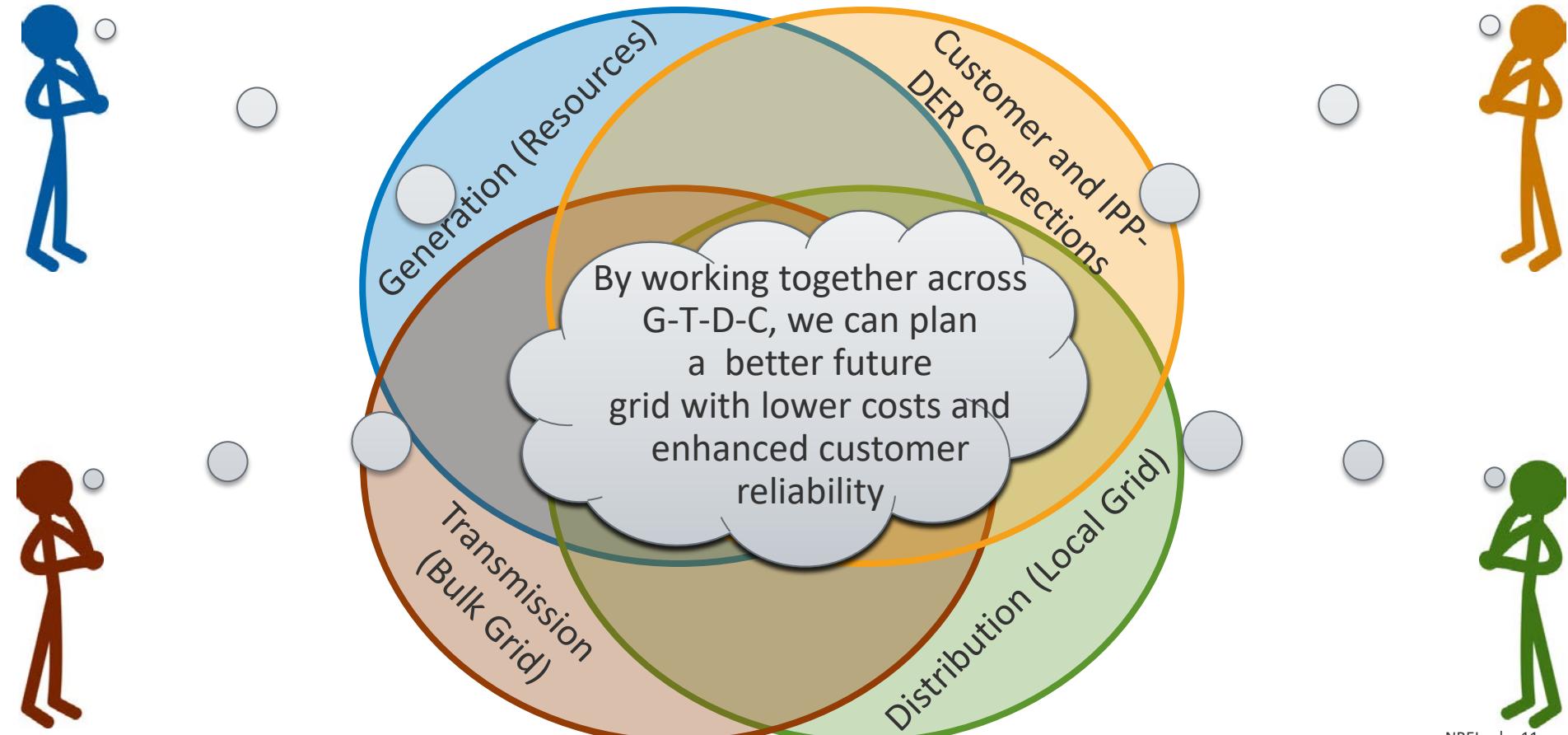
The T-D wall



G-T-D-C Planning

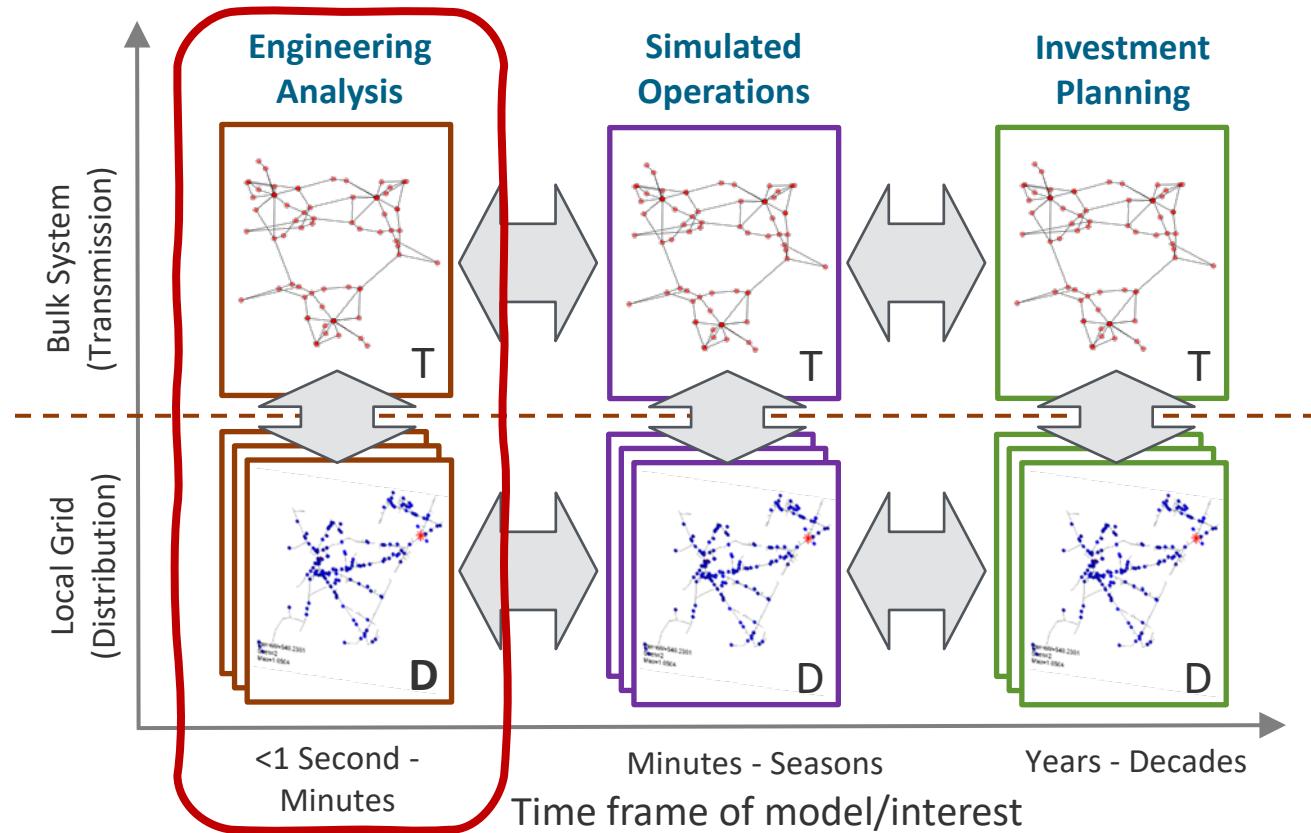


G-T-D-C Planning



Considerations for T&D (scale) Interactions in Planning

T&D interactions cross a range of time scales, with different tools and considerations



Considerations for fast (<1sec) dynamics

- Dynamic DER models (e.g., DER_A) and composite load models
 - How many, what parameters
- DER impacts on stability
- Reactive Power Support (both directions)
 - EPRI study shows much lower Grid-Forming (GFM) capacity required if also located on distribution
- Contingencies
- Intentional Islanding

North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC). “Reliability Guideline – Parameterization of the DER_A Model.” September 2019. URL: https://www.nerc.com/comm/RSTC_Reliability_Guidelines/Reliability_Guideline_DER_A_Parameterization.pdf

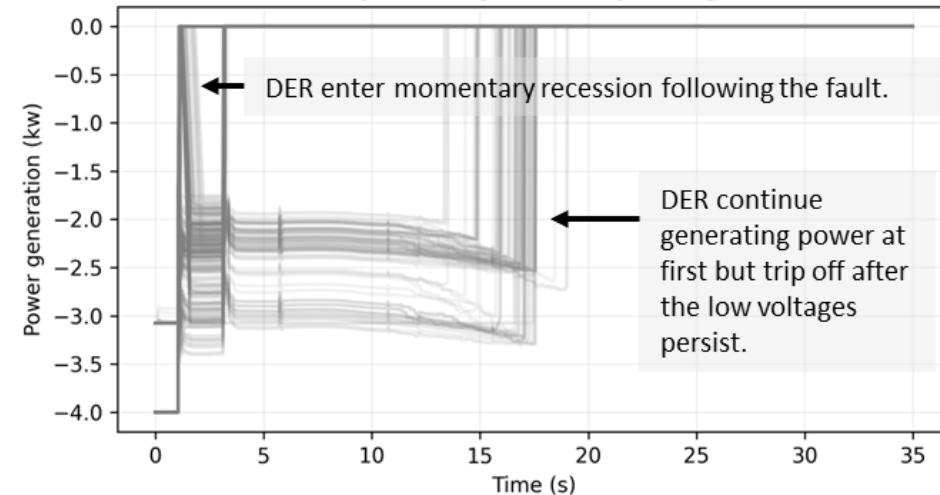
Venkataramanan, Ashwin, Wenzong Wang, Deepak Ramasubramanian, Aminul Huque, and Ali Mehrizi-Sani. 2025. “Stability Analysis of Distribution Networks With High Penetration of Distributed Energy Resources.” IEEE Access 13:83867–80. <https://doi.org/10.1109/ACCESS.2025.3566476>.

Puerto Rico example:

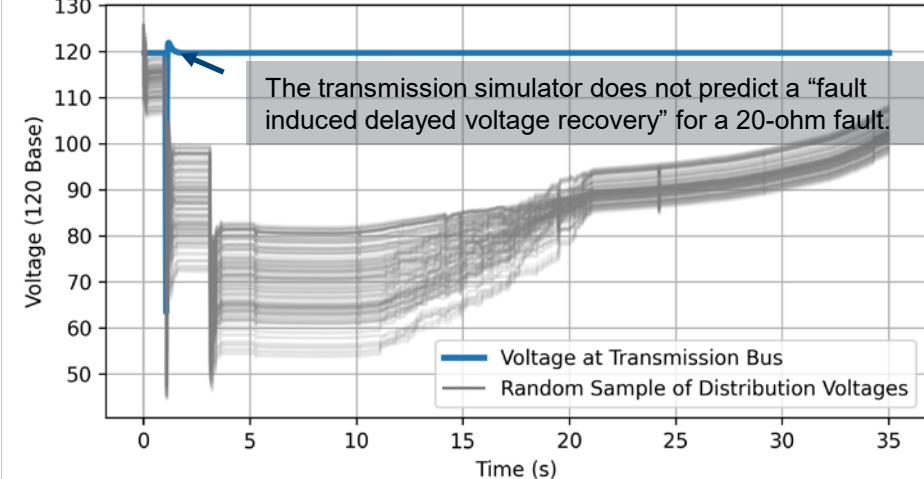
Important to model high DER well for transmission stability

- PSS/e with multiple feeders in OpenDSS using HELICS
- Real System Data from Puerto Rico

Detailed Distributed Energy Resource Generator Response to "Fault Induced Delayed Voltage Recovery" using T&D Cosimulation



Transmission and T&D Cosimulation "Fault Induced Delayed Voltage Recovery" Response 20 Ohm Fault



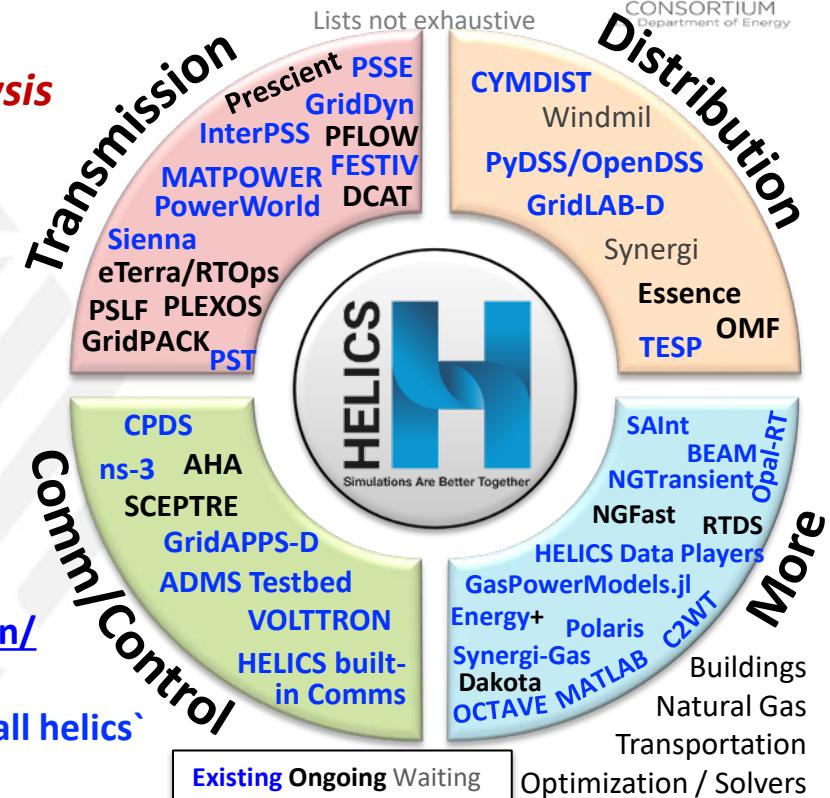
HELICS™: Hierarchical Engine for Large-scale Infrastructure Co-Simulation

High-performance co-simulation to combine best-in-class tools for breakthrough integrated energy analysis

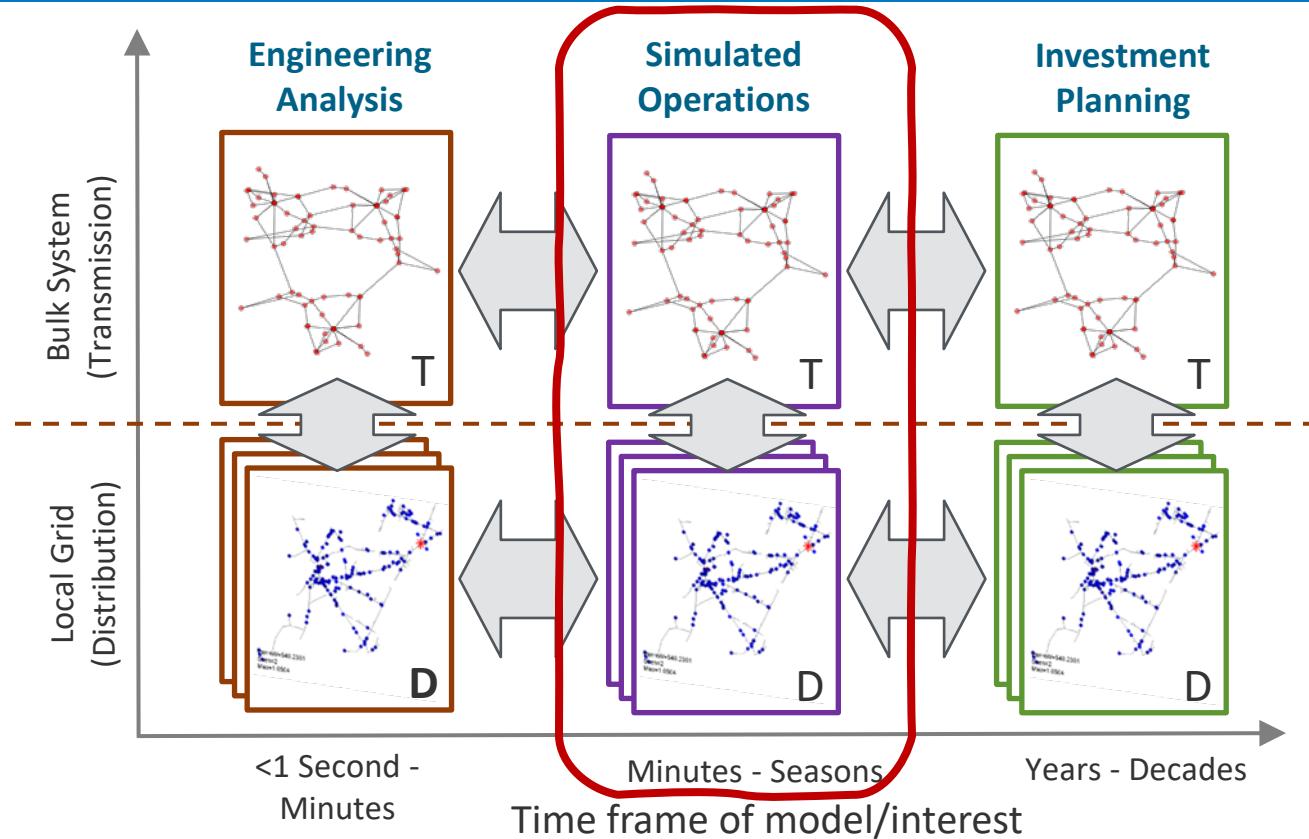
Capabilities:

- **Scalable:** 2-10,000,000+ Federates
- **Cross-platform:** HPC (Linux), Cloud, Workstations, Laptops (Windows/OSX)
- **Modular:** mix and match tools
- **Minimally invasive:** easy to use lab/commercial/open tools
- **APIs:** Python, C++, C, Julia, C#, MATLAB, Java, FMI, etc.
- **Open Source:** BSD 3-clause
- **Many Simulation Types:** Timeseries, Dynamics, Events
- **(Some) Other Features:**
 - Co-iteration enabled: “tight coupling”
 - Web-based simulation monitoring
 - Built-in Units Management
 - RegEx name matching
 - Real-time mode
 - Dynamic Federations

v3.5.x and details at
<https://helics.org/introduction/>
<https://github.com/GMLC-TDC/HELICS/releases> or via `pip install helics`



T&D interactions cross a range of time scales, with different tools and considerations

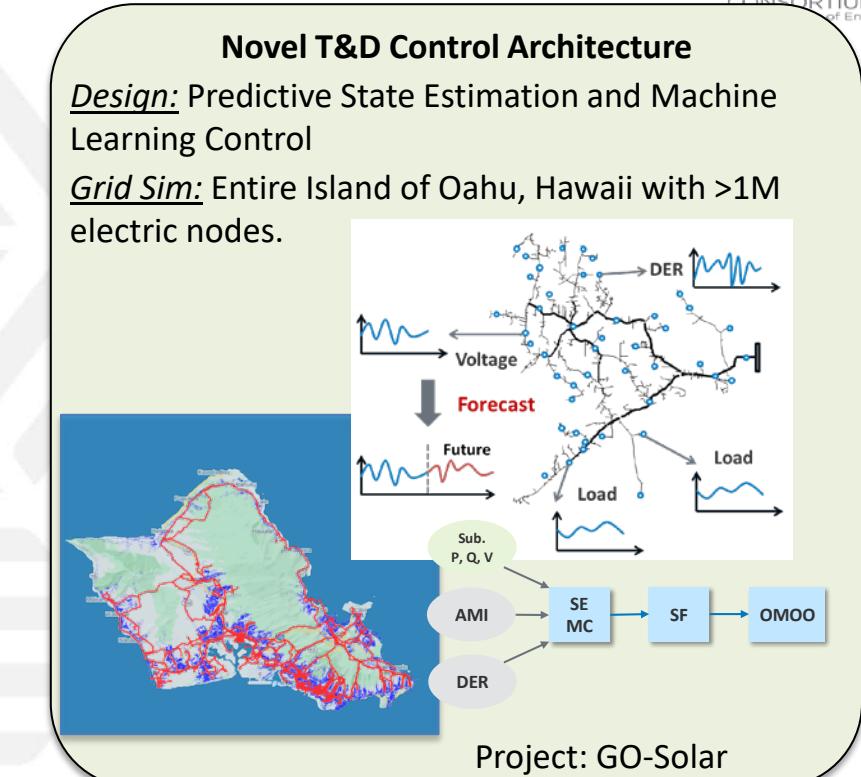
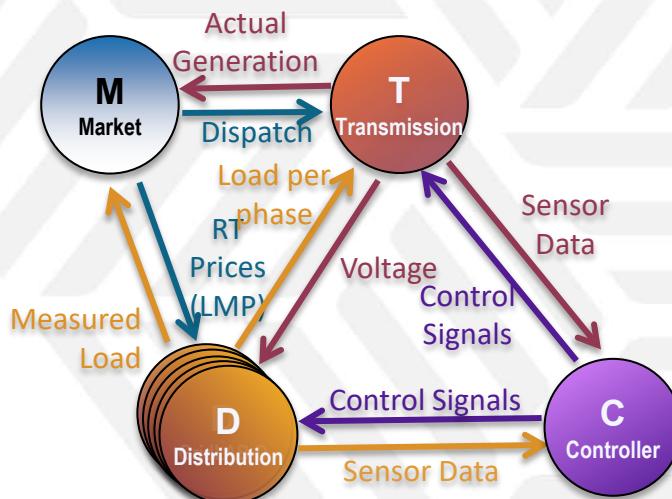


Types of questions for T&D operational simulations

- System-wide energy impacts from DERs
- Dispatch and visibility for DERs
- Market Interactions?
- Services from DER
- Distribution limits on DER use
- Distributed Energy Resource Management System?
Aggregators?
- Resource Adequacy?

Co-simulation enables simulating arbitrary combinations of physical/engineering and control/market tools

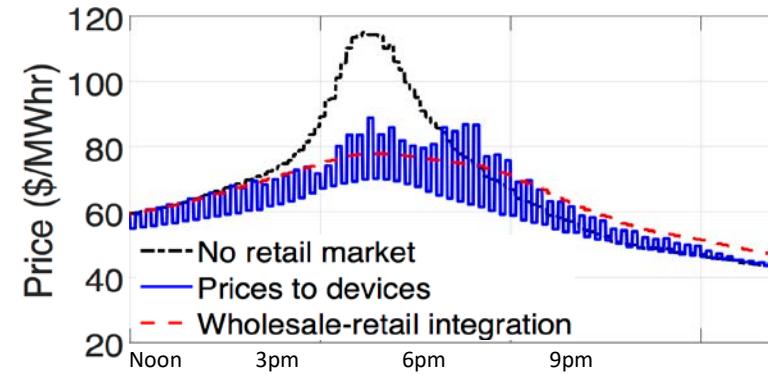
- Physical Data (Values)
 - Voltage, Frequency, Current
- Market Data (Messages)
 - Measured Load, Locational Marginal Prices (LMPs)
- Controller Data (Messages)
 - Sensor Readings, Control Signals



Example: Distribution + Market Operations

Large-scale DER-Market Interactions

- Distribution: 35k feeders
 - 25M homes
- Transmission: 240-bus (simplified) WECC
- Simplified California Independent System Operator-style Market.



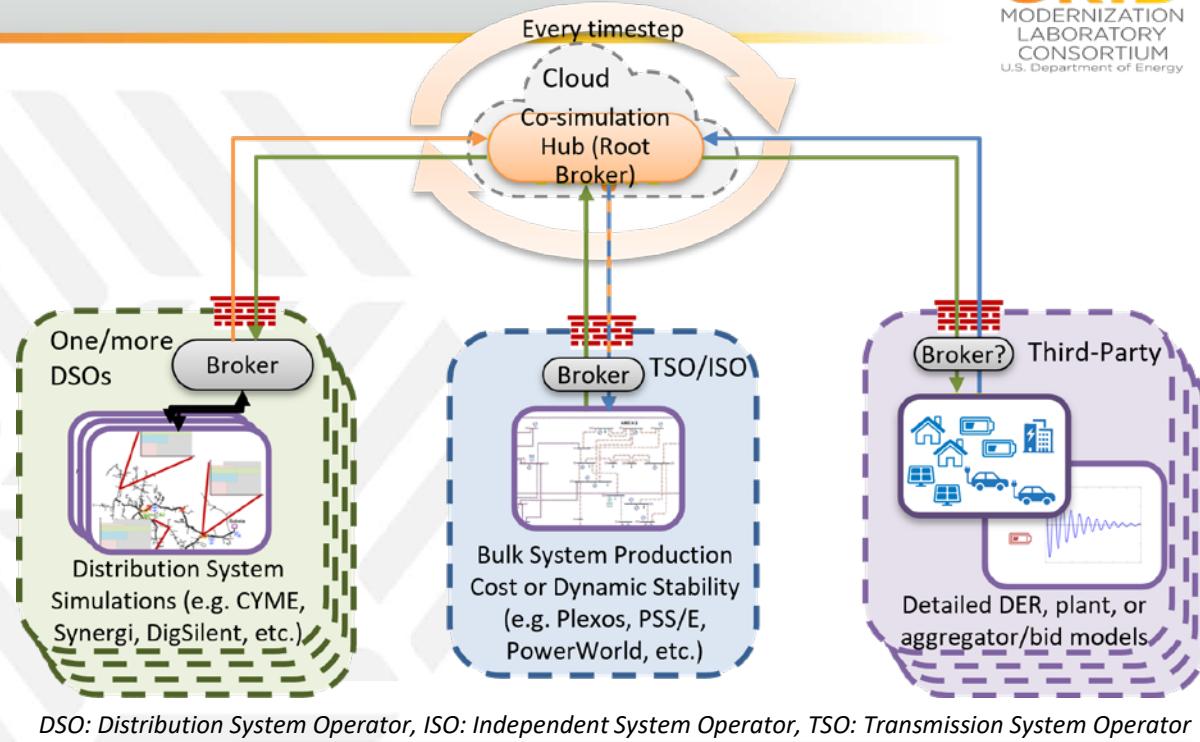
Take aways:

- *Price responsive loads can lower prices, but may introduce oscillations if not done well*
- *T&D co-simulation required to fully capture*

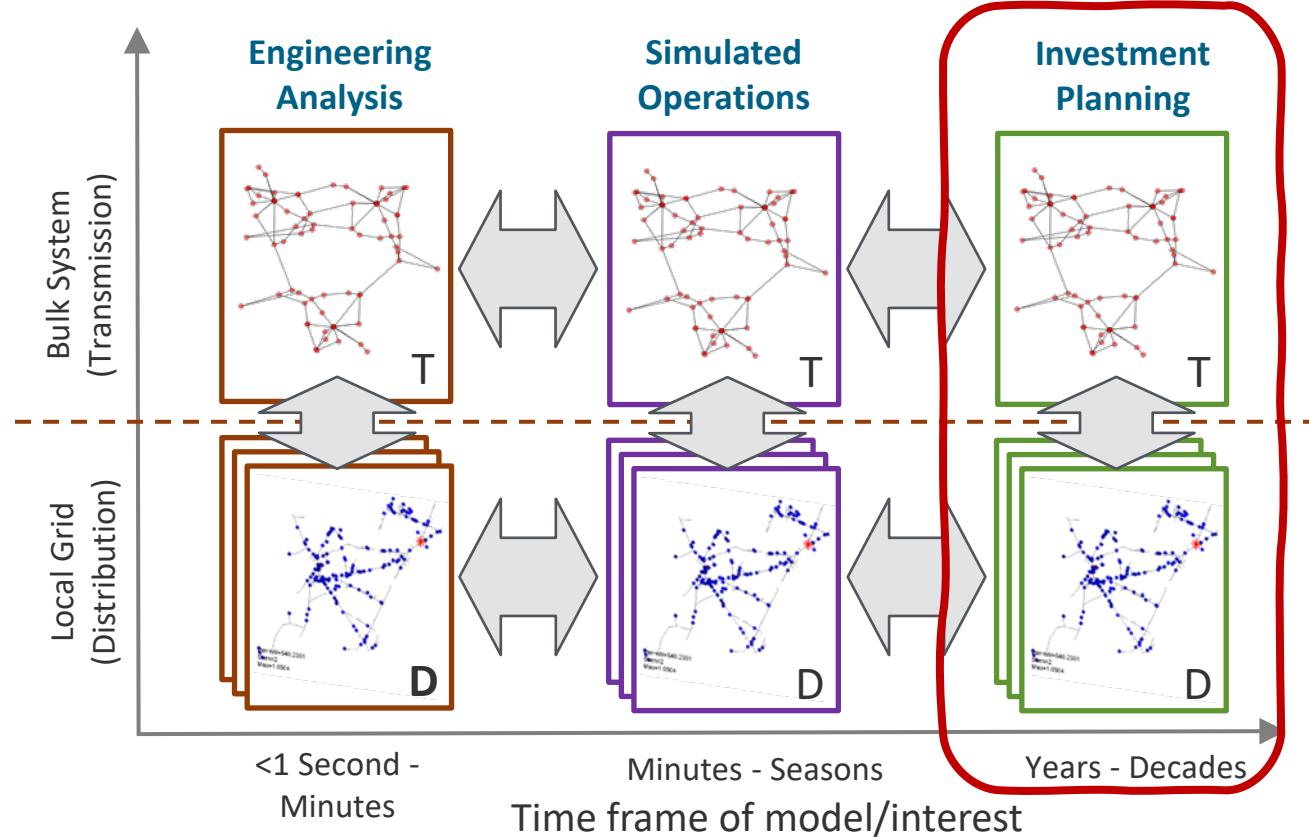


Note: multi-model frameworks enable simulation without full data exchange

- Run a combined simulation across multiple sites/organizations
- Only exchange interface data
 - Avoid detailed/sensitive model exchange

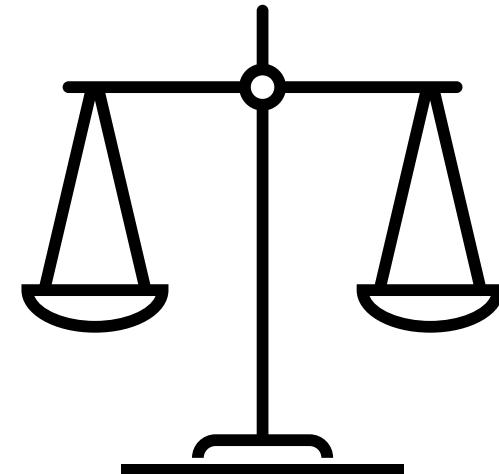


T&D interactions cross a range of time scales, with different tools and considerations



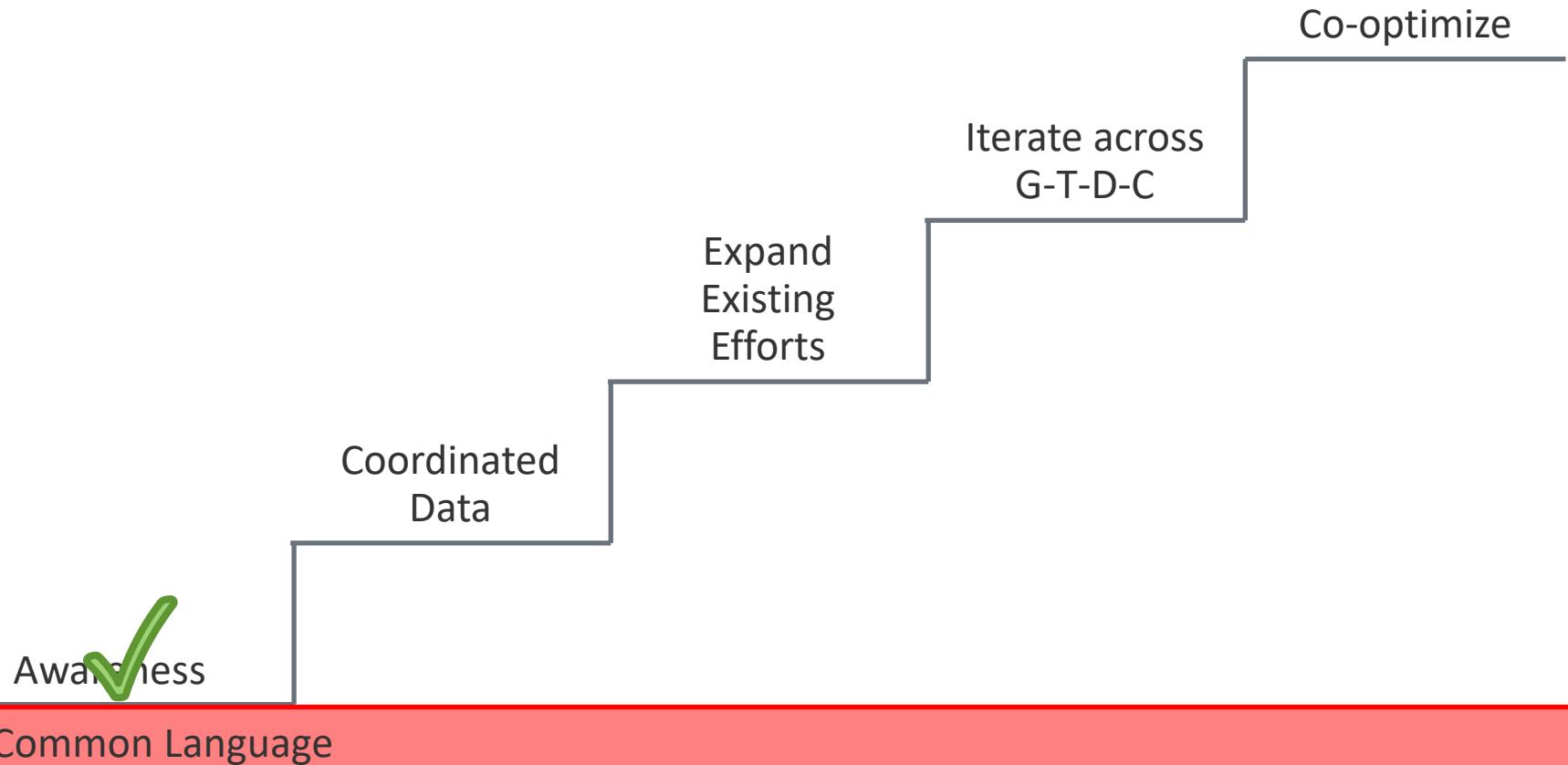
Example integrated planning questions

- To what extent can DER and distribution **offset bulk system investments**? (e.g. generation, transmission)
 - How much **controllability of DERs** is needed?
- Where do **bulk constraints** drive additional front-of-meter (FTM) distribution-sited resources?
 - Are **distribution upgrades** needed?
Which?
- **Storage siting**: transmission or distribution?
 - What if resilience is considered?



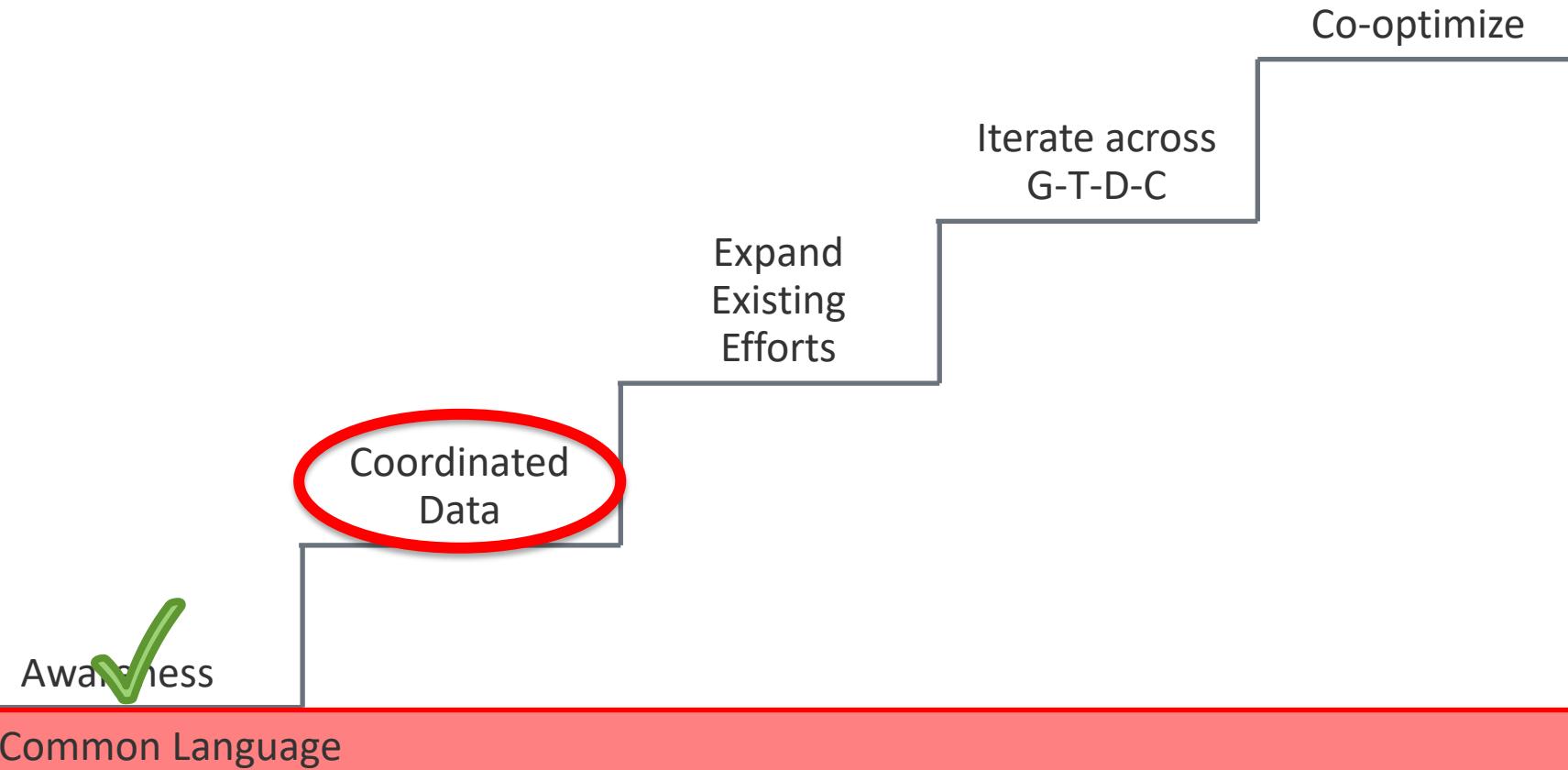
Evolving Workflows for Integrated T&D Planning

How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)



Common Language

How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)



National Transmission Planning Study

Better understand the role, value, and opportunities for transmission across the United States.

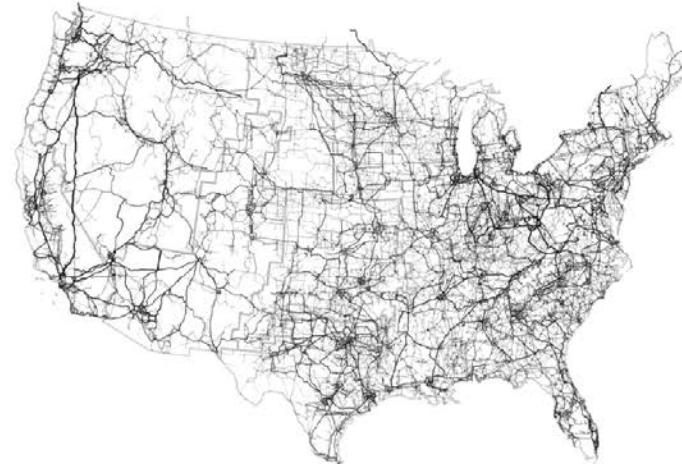
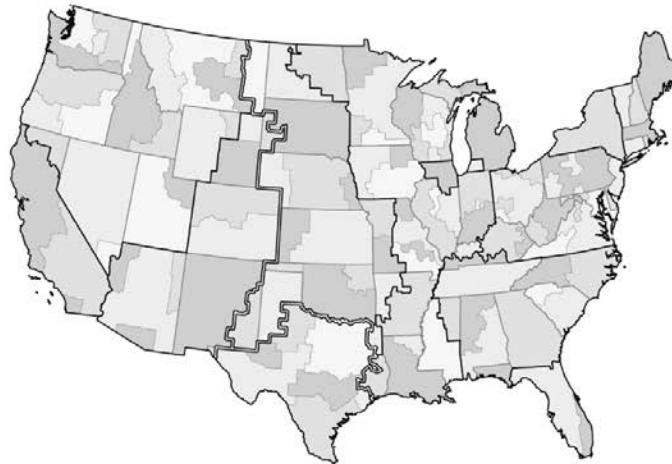
Identify **interregional and national strategies** to accelerate **energy growth** while maintaining system reliability

Inform regional and interregional transmission planning processes, particularly by **engaging stakeholders** in dialogue

Develop **methods for national-scale transmission planning** that are applicable for industry



Multimodel analysis for a low-cost, reliable transmission system of the future



Zonal Resolution

Long-Term Scenarios through 2050

Capacity Expansion

Economic Analysis

Resource Adequacy

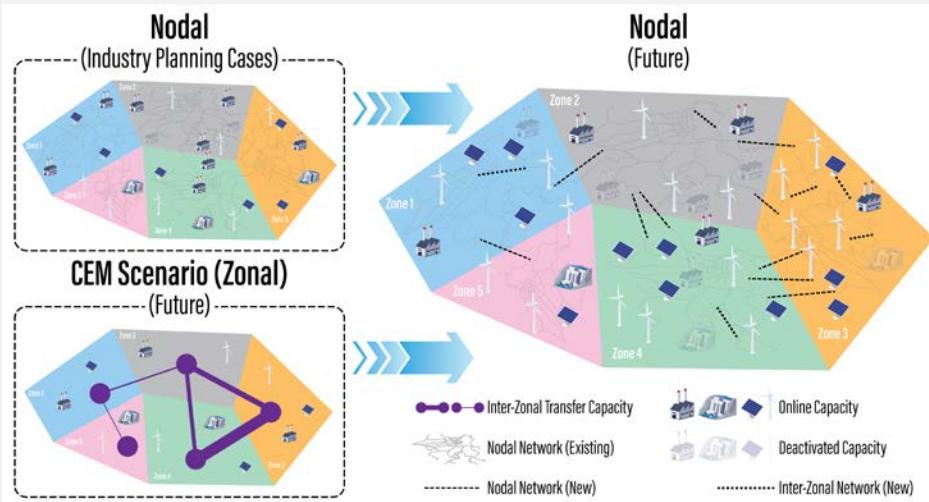
Nodal Resolution

2035 Transmission Portfolios

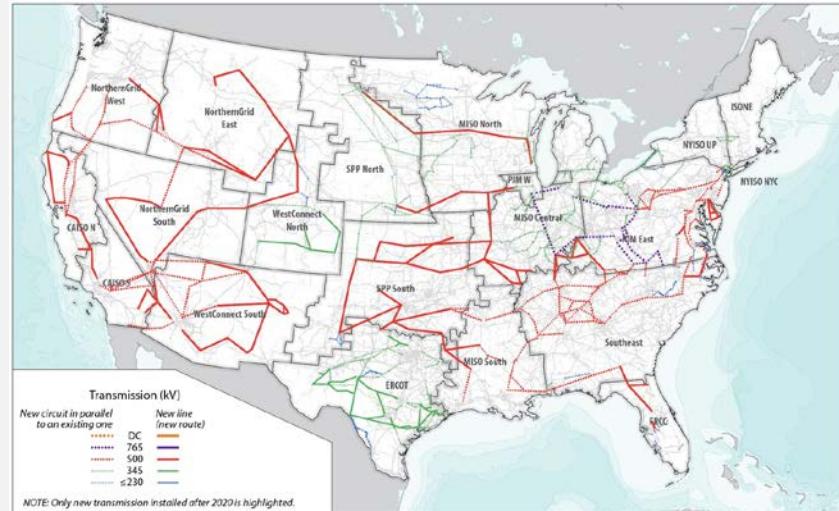
Power Flow

Stress Analysis

Process for zonal-to-nodal translation



Nodal transmission expansion for the AC scenario for the model year 2035



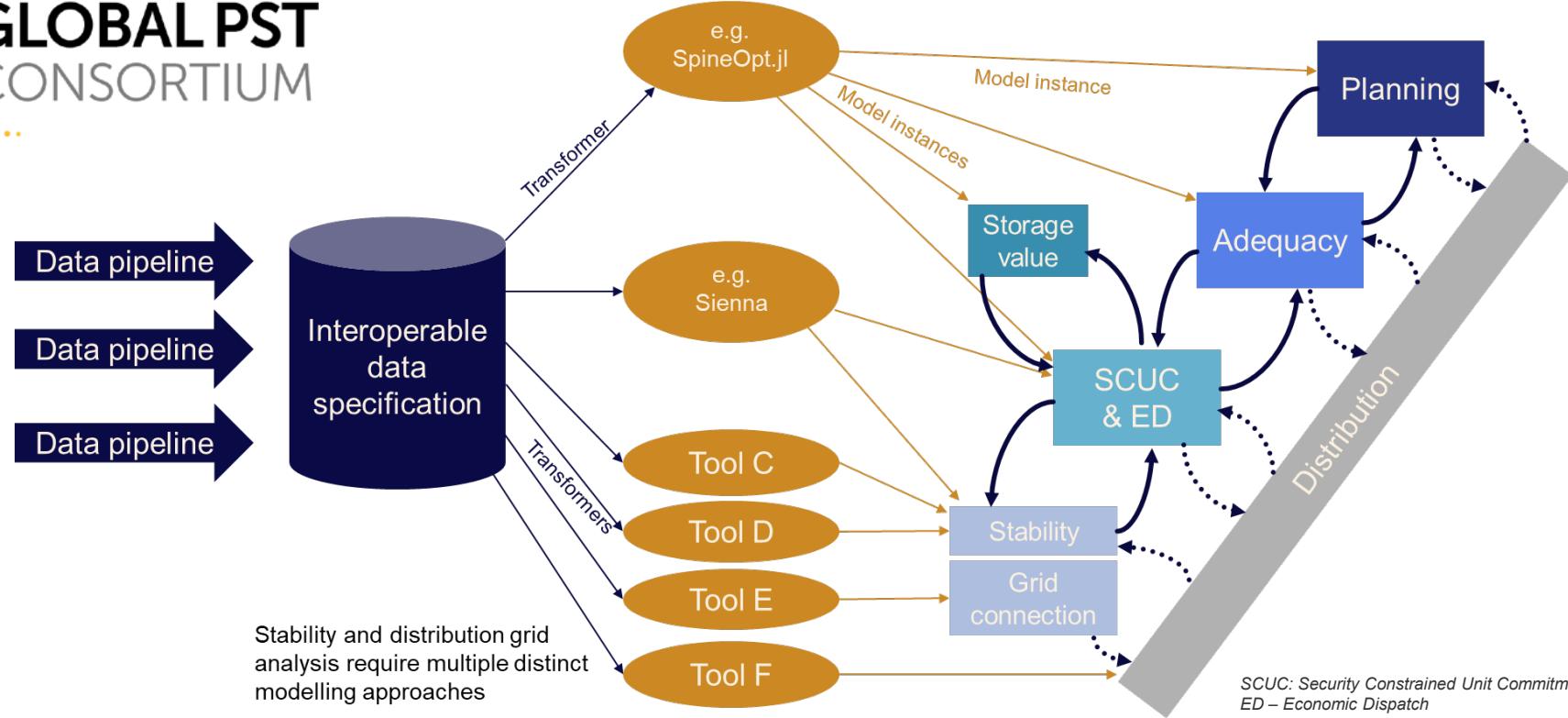
Zonal to nodal translations of future transmission portfolios allows detailed operational analysis

Advancing integrated distribution planning

Partners: Duquesne Light Company, PEPCO Holdings, Xcel Energy, PGE, Hawaiian Electric



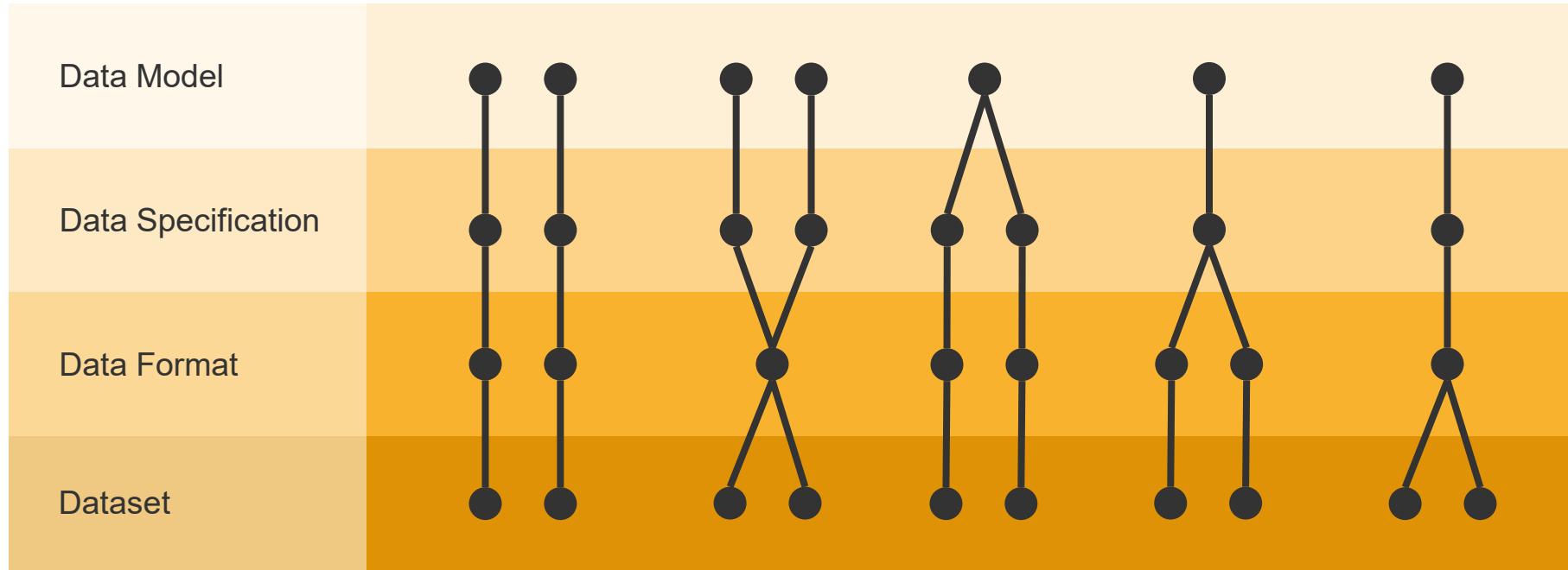
Interoperable data can enable expanded integrated planning workflows



Stability and distribution grid analysis require multiple distinct modelling approaches

SCUC: Security Constrained Unit Commitment ED – Economic Dispatch

Harmonized data format is a key enabler

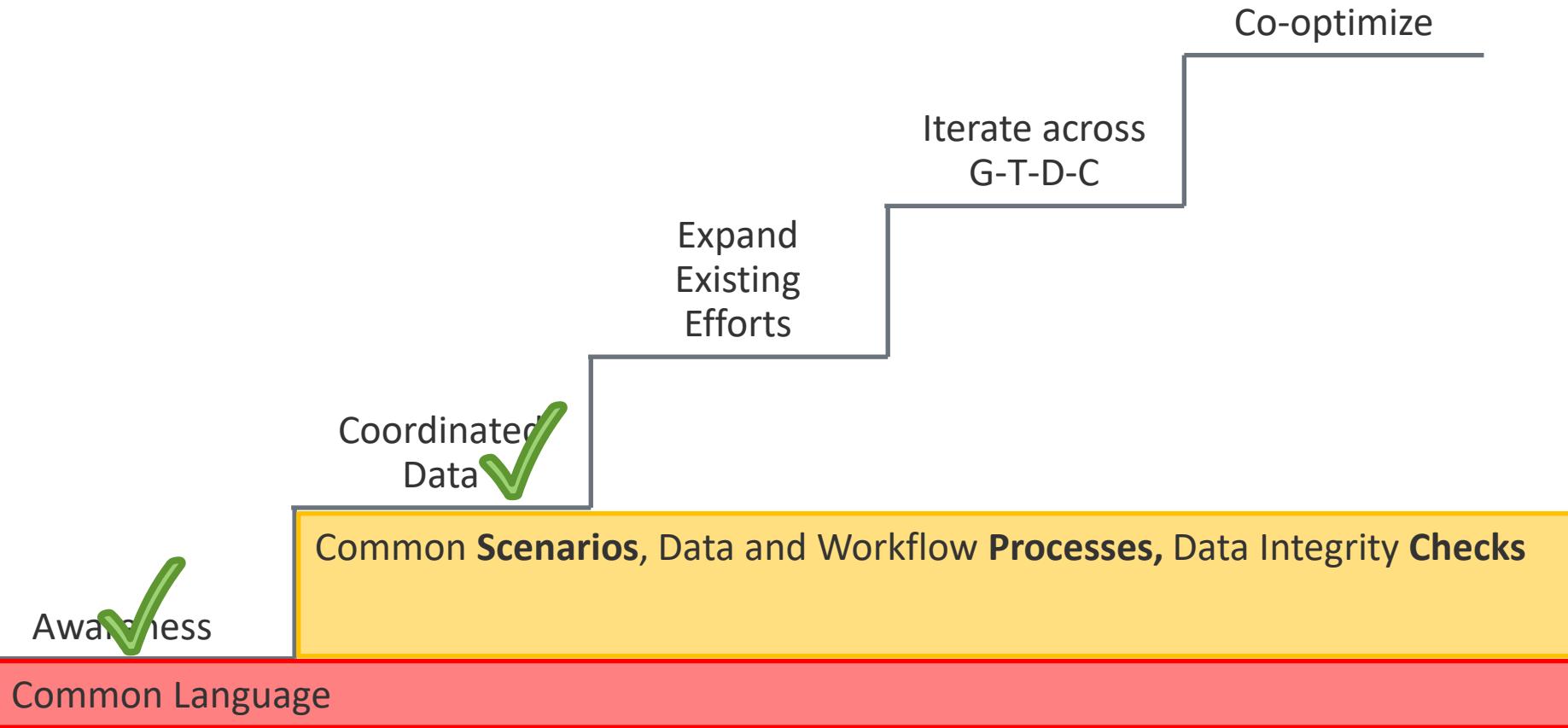


Integrated
T&D can
require lots of
data exchange

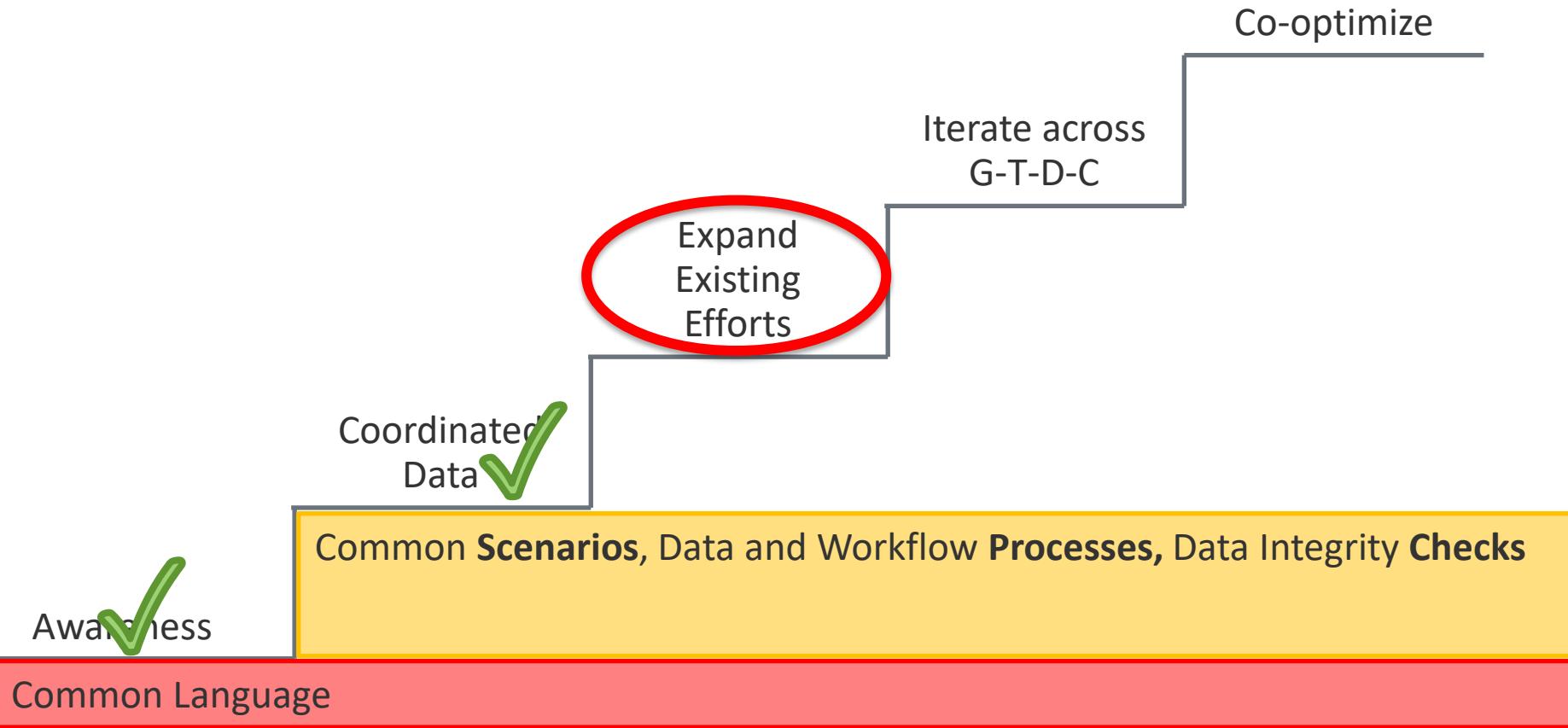
Thankfully,
there are
efforts to
coordinate/
standardize



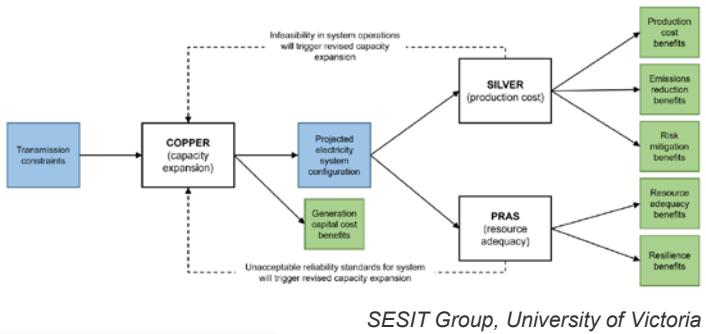
How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)



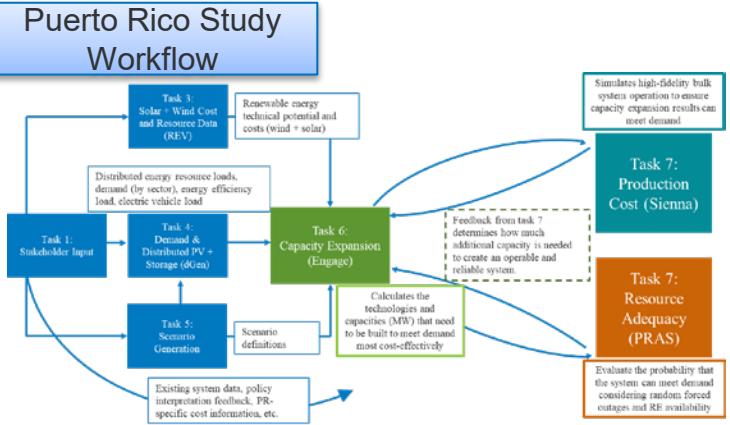
How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)



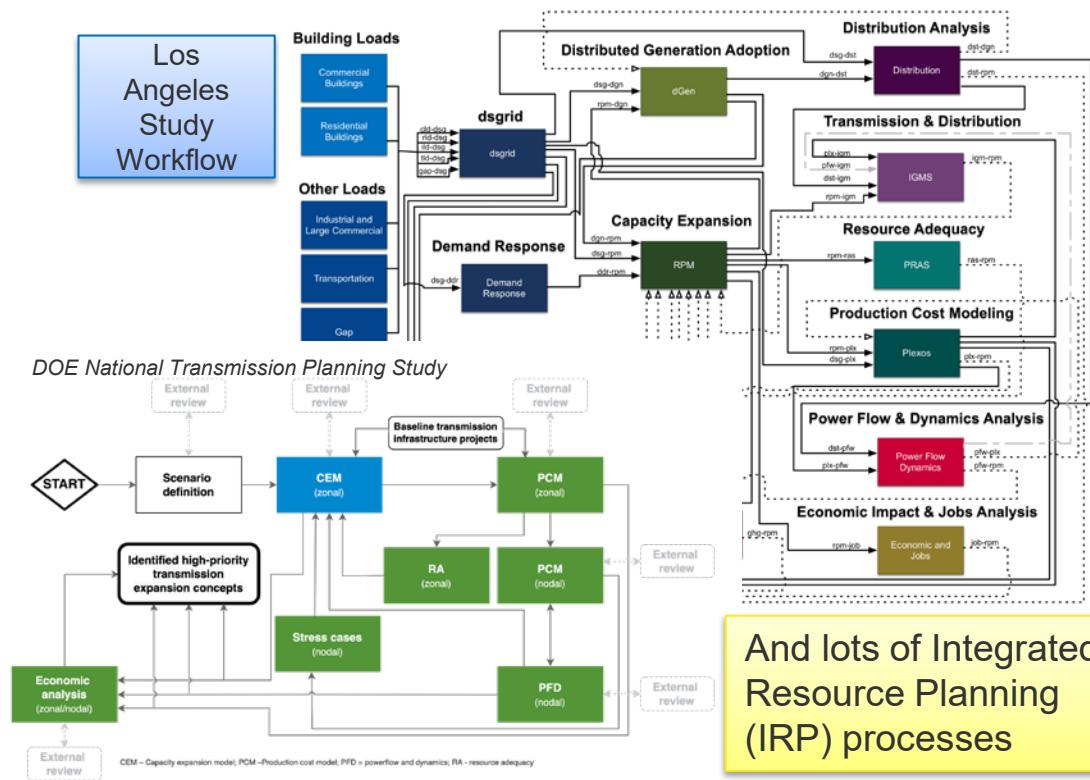
Expanding already complex workflows



SESTIT Group, University of Victoria



Puerto Rico Study Workflow



And lots of Integrated Resource Planning (IRP) processes

Case study – Comprehensive integrated grid planning modeling and analysis for Los Angeles



Map by Billy Roberts, NREL

7,880 megawatts (MW)

generation capacity

>3,600 miles of transmission lines to move
electricity in

>10,400 miles of distribution lines to
deliver power to customers

LADWP by the Numbers

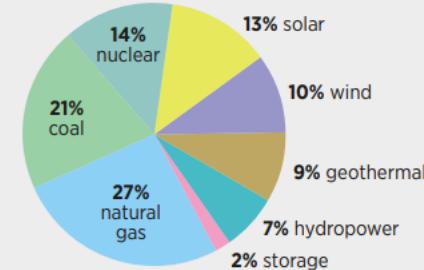
CUSTOMER ENERGY CONSUMPTION

75% commercial and industrial

23% residential

2% other

2019 GENERATION MIX

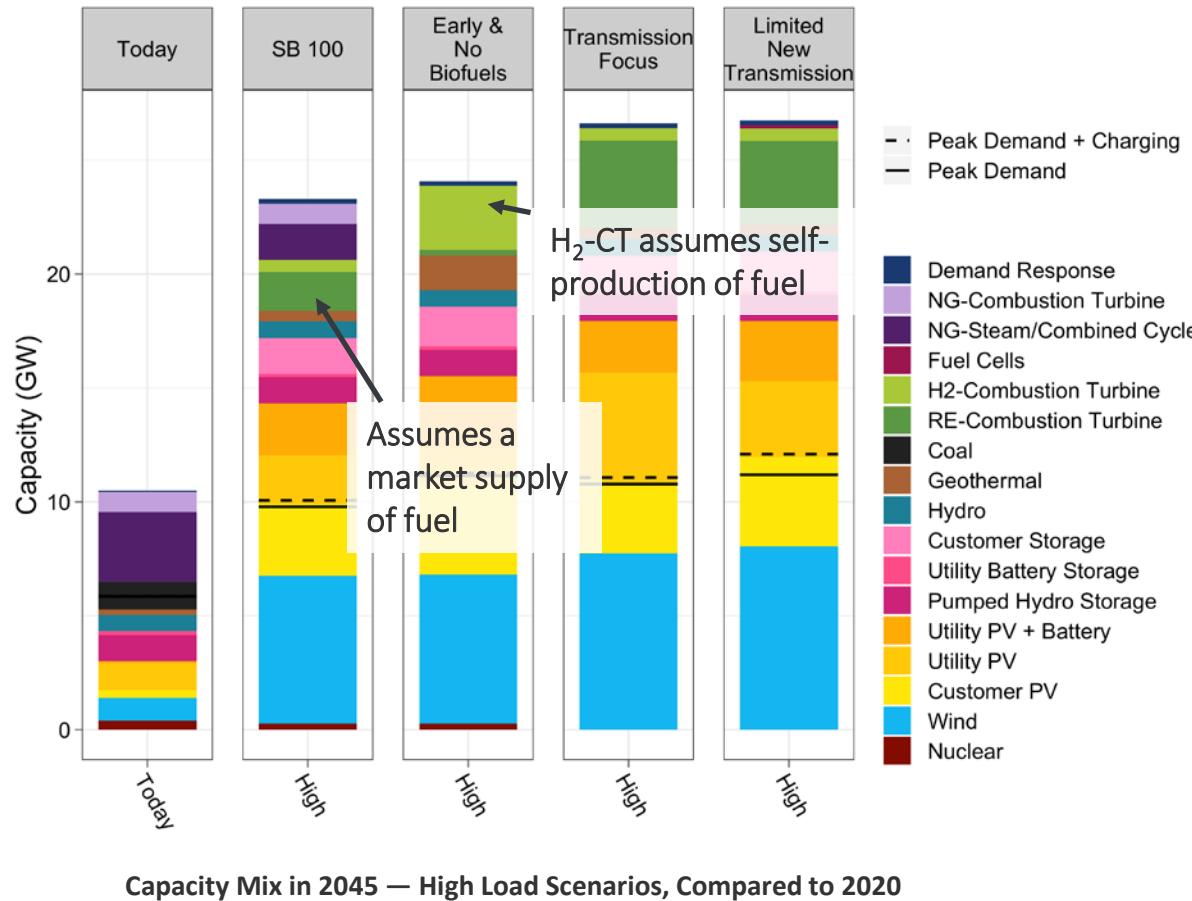


More at <https://maps.nrel.gov/la100>

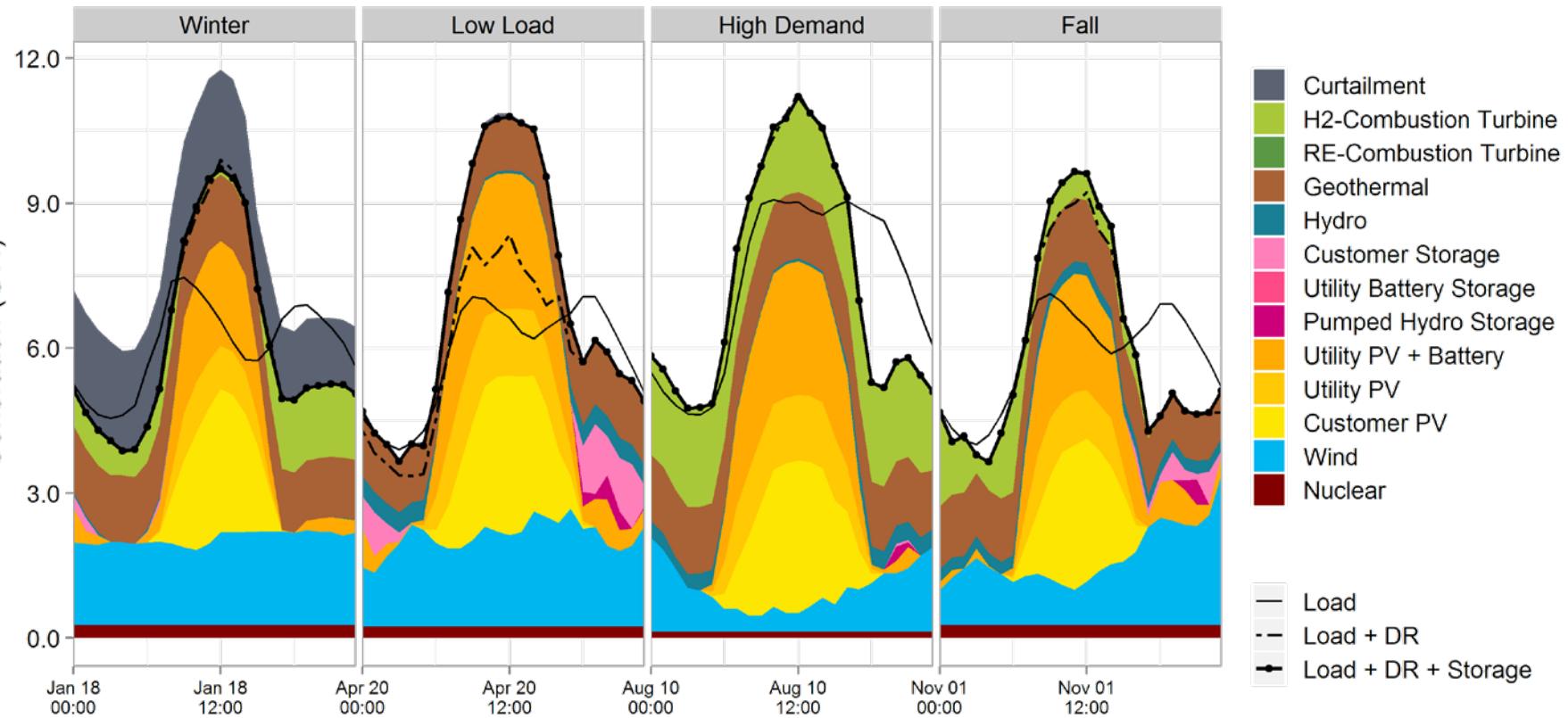
LADWP – Los Angeles Department of Water and Power

Examining future LA energy scenarios

Significant distribution-connected resources to support in-basin adequacy



System operation: what resources are operating in every hour?



Across all scenarios



Electrification
Efficiency
Flexible Load



Customer
Rooftop Solar



Renewable
Energy



Storage
(including coupled
with solar)
+ >2,700 MW



Distribution,
Transmission



Combustion
Turbines

+>2,600 MW
(in basin)

Much More

New

Natural gas

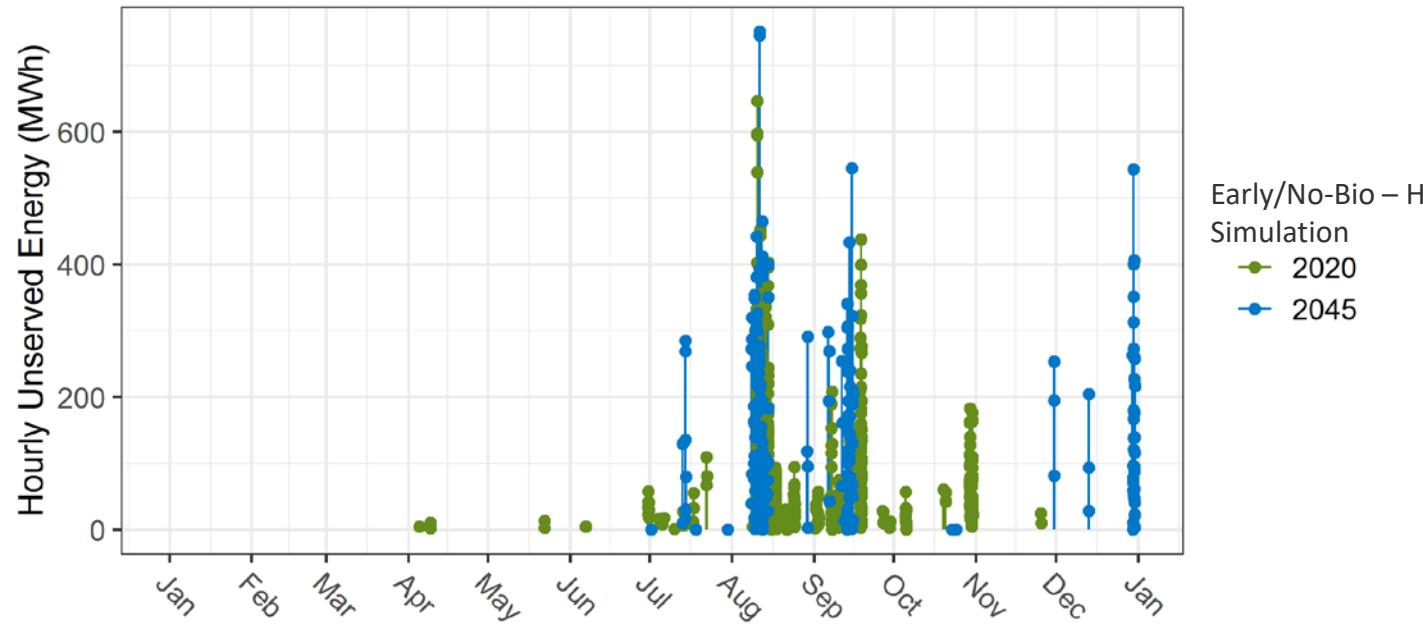
Today:
Daily

Biofuel/hydrogen

Future:
Infrequently

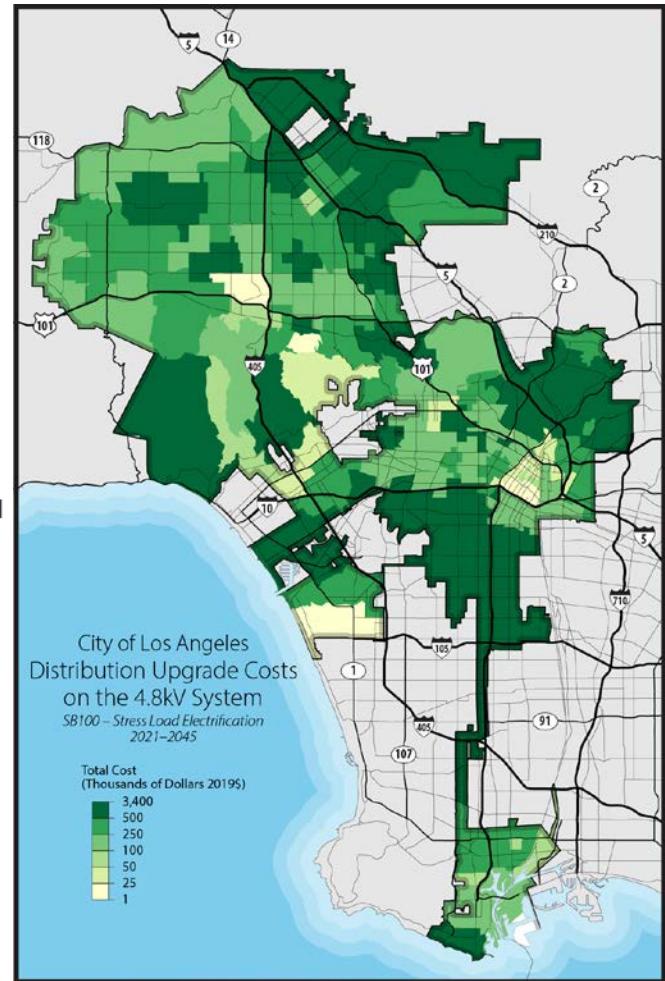
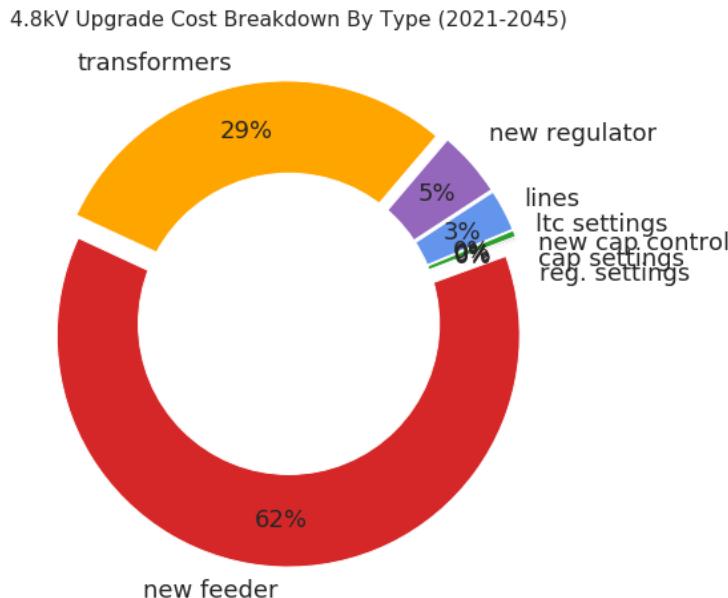
Managing extended transmission outages—Importance in LA of having storable fuel and not just short-duration batteries

Unserved energy at each time point for all long-duration transmission outage simulations

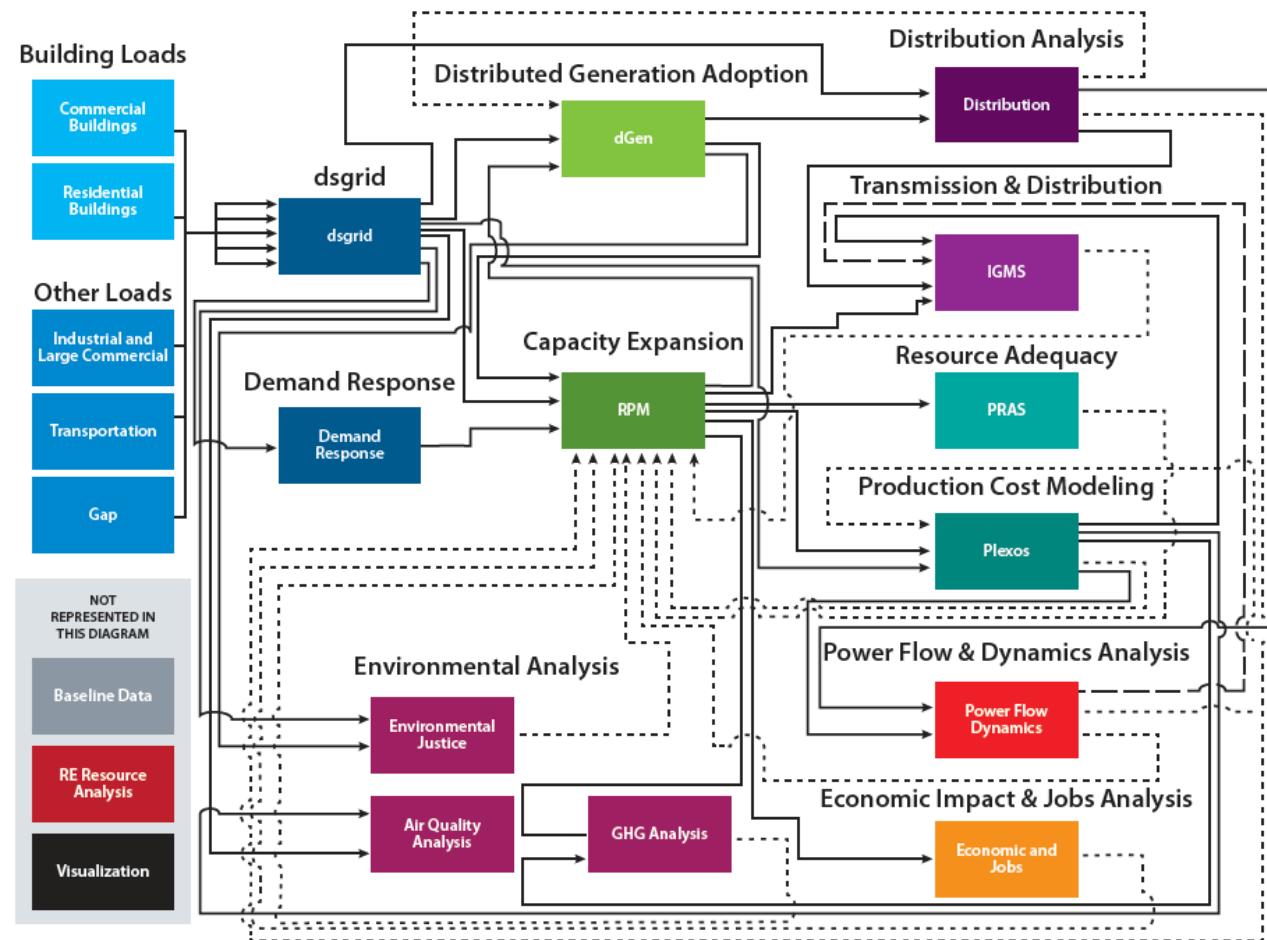


Each dot represents the unserved energy of a specific combination of transmission outages

What type of distribution upgrades are needed and where?



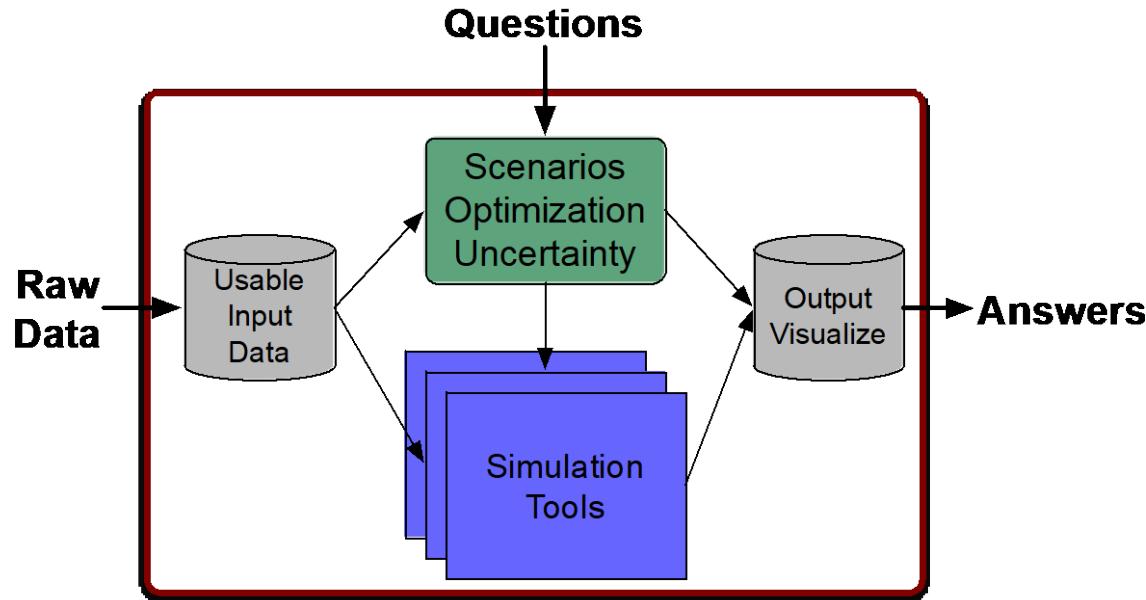
Integrated planning data and simulation workflow



Over 100 million simulations for Los Angeles

Scenario and data management

Often the simulation itself is the “easy” part, compared with set-up, output processing, and analysis.



Pipeline for Integrated Projects in Energy Systems



PIPES is a
project management +
data management +
workflow management
layer for integrated modeling teams

Backend: DocumentDB, GraphDB (Amazon

Neptune), and REST API

Front End: Web User Interface (UI) and
Command Line Interface (CLI)



[PIPES Documentation](#)



pipes.nrel.gov

```
> pipes --help
Usage: pipes [OPTIONS] COMMAND [ARGS]...

PIPES CLI client

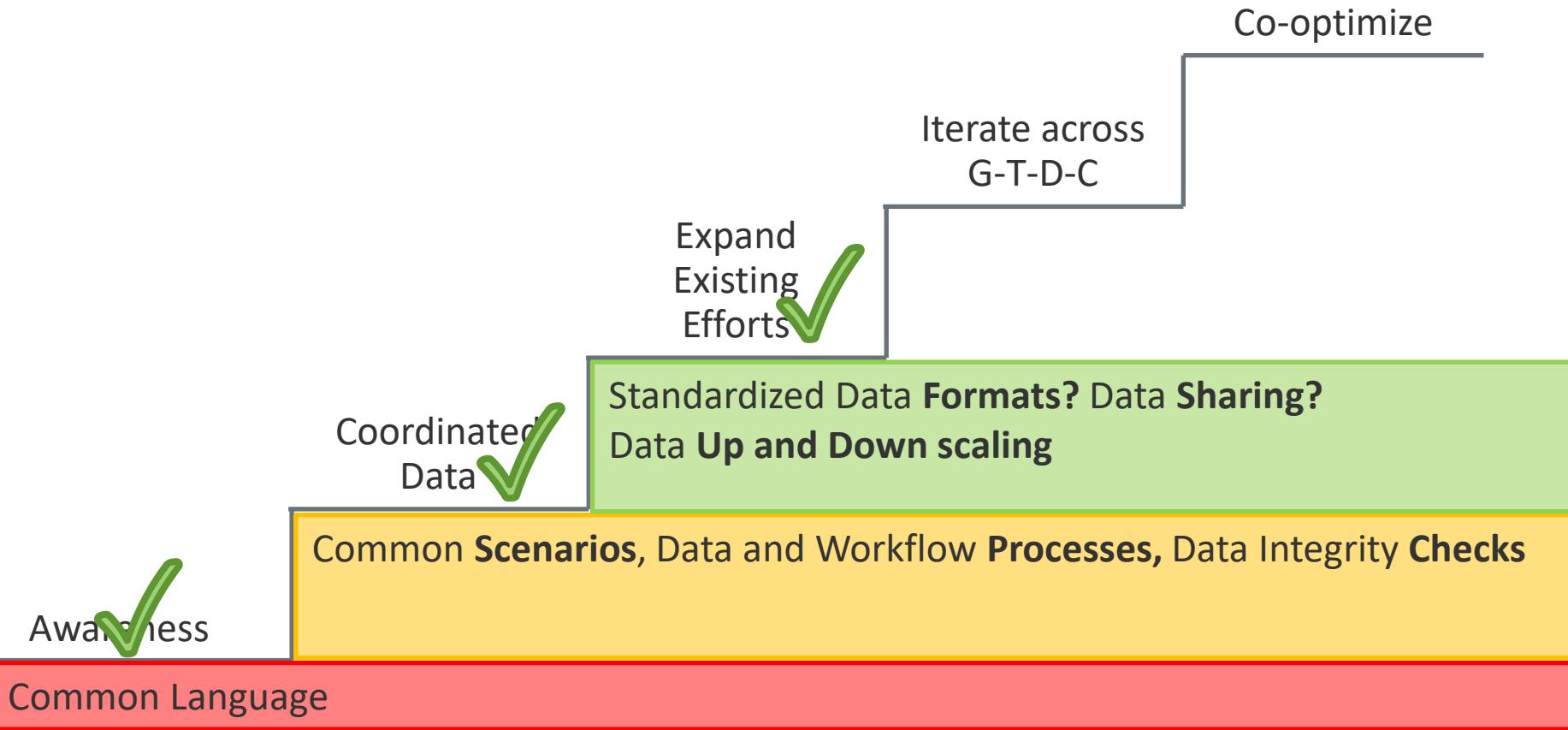
Options:
  --help  Show this message and exit.

Commands:
  config  config CLI client
  dataset  dataset operation commands
  handoff  task operation commands
  login   login to PIPES
  model   model operation commands
  project  project operation commands
  service  system operation commands
```

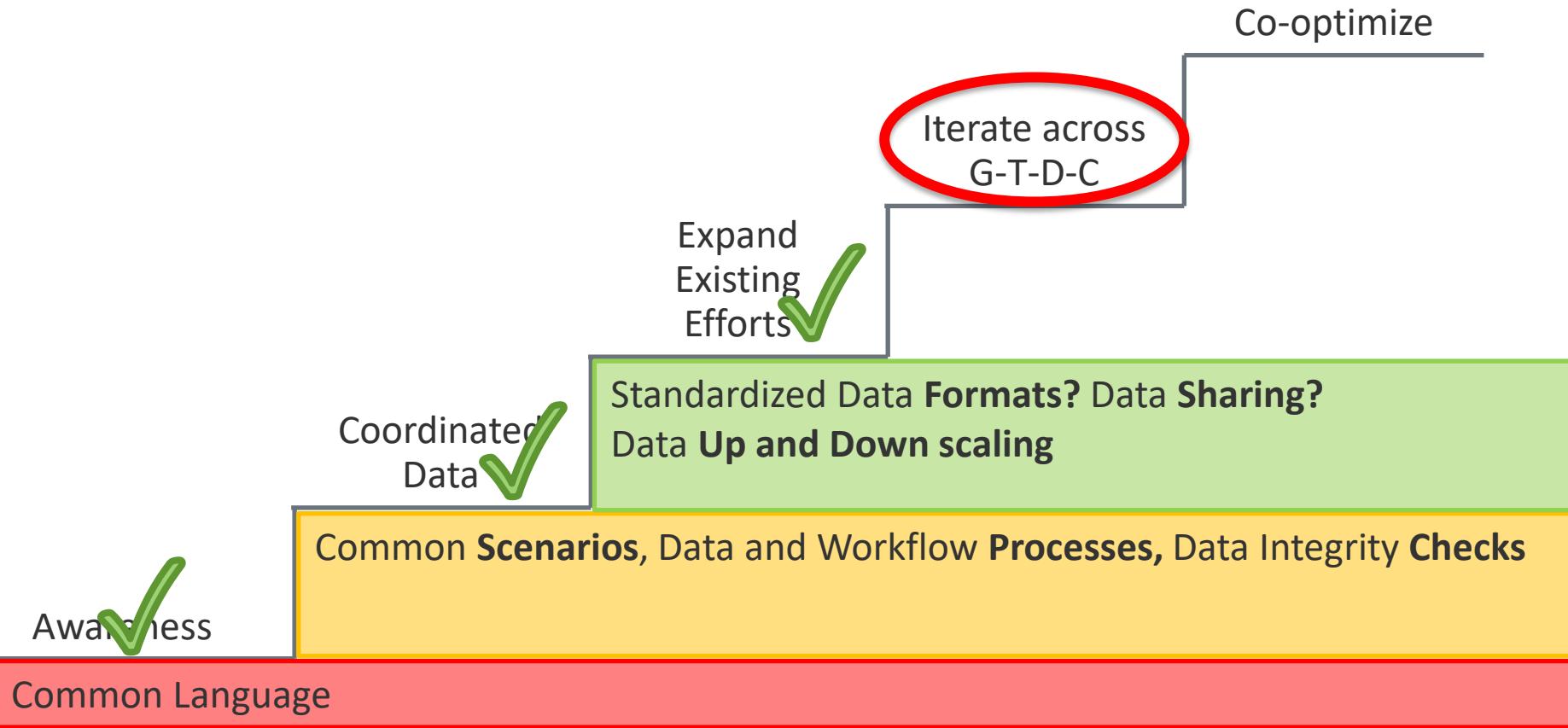
The screenshot shows the PIPES web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'PIPES', 'Projects', 'Overview', 'Schedule', 'Pipeline', 'Logout', and the NREL logo. Below the navigation is a 'Timeline' section with a grid showing tasks from September 2022 to December 2024. Tasks include 'Project: pipes101', 'Milestone: Milestone 1', 'Milestone: Milestone 2', 'Project Run: 1', 'Model: dgrid', 'Model: rpm', and 'Project Run: 2'. To the right of the timeline is a 'PIPES API' section with a 'Authorize' button and a list of endpoints: 'health' (GET /api/Welcome, GET /api/ping Ping), 'projects' (POST /api/projects Create Project, GET /api/projects Get Project Detail, GET /api/projects/basics Get Basic Projects), and 'projectruns' (POST /api/projectruns Create Projectrun). A large, rounded rectangle on the right contains a project network graph with nodes labeled 'Project A', 'Project B', 'Project C', 'Project D', and 'Project E', connected by lines representing dependencies.

```
from pipes import PIPES
pipes = PIPES()
```

How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)



How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)

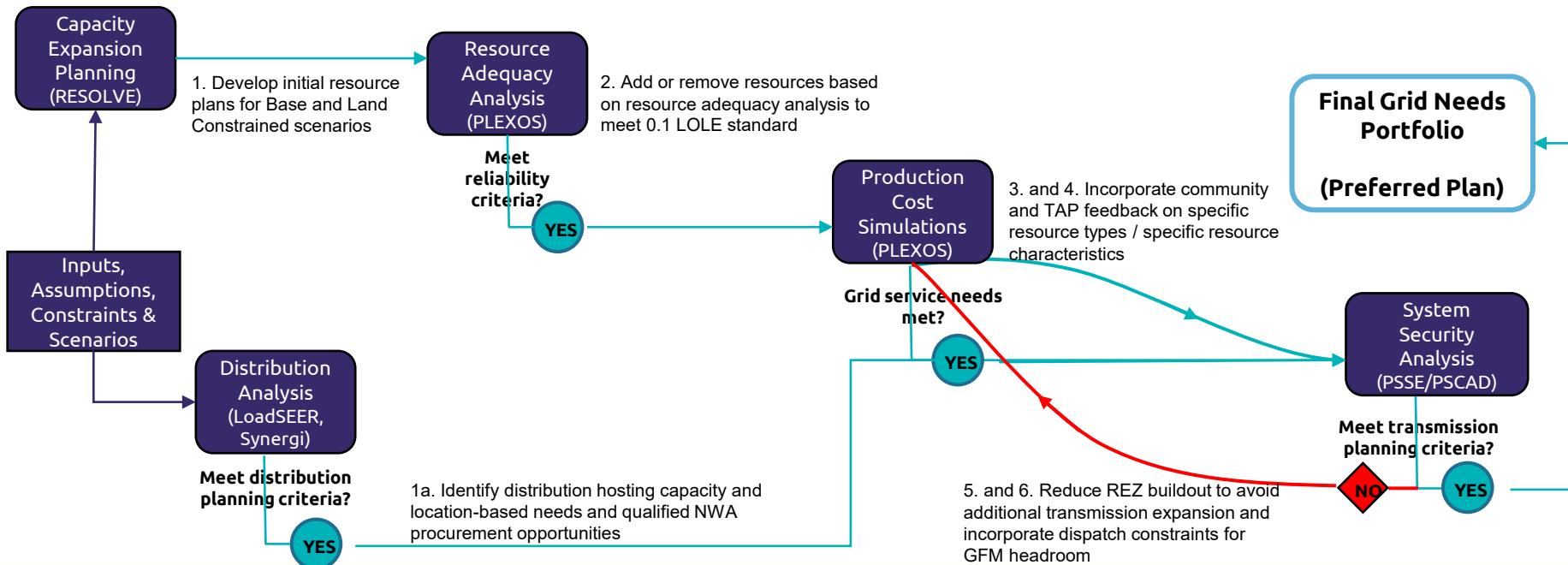


The Integrated Grid Planning Process

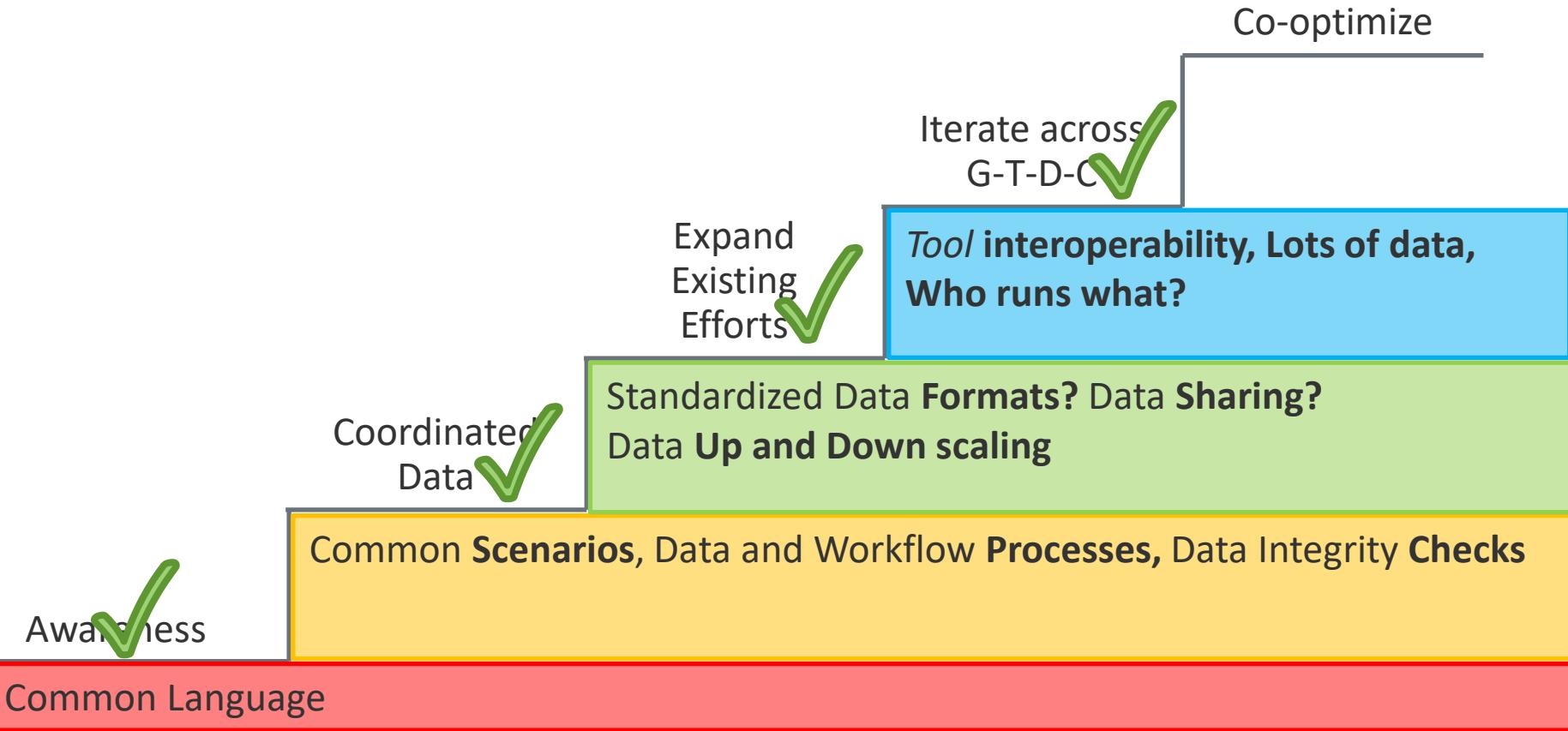


Modeling to Determine Grid Needs

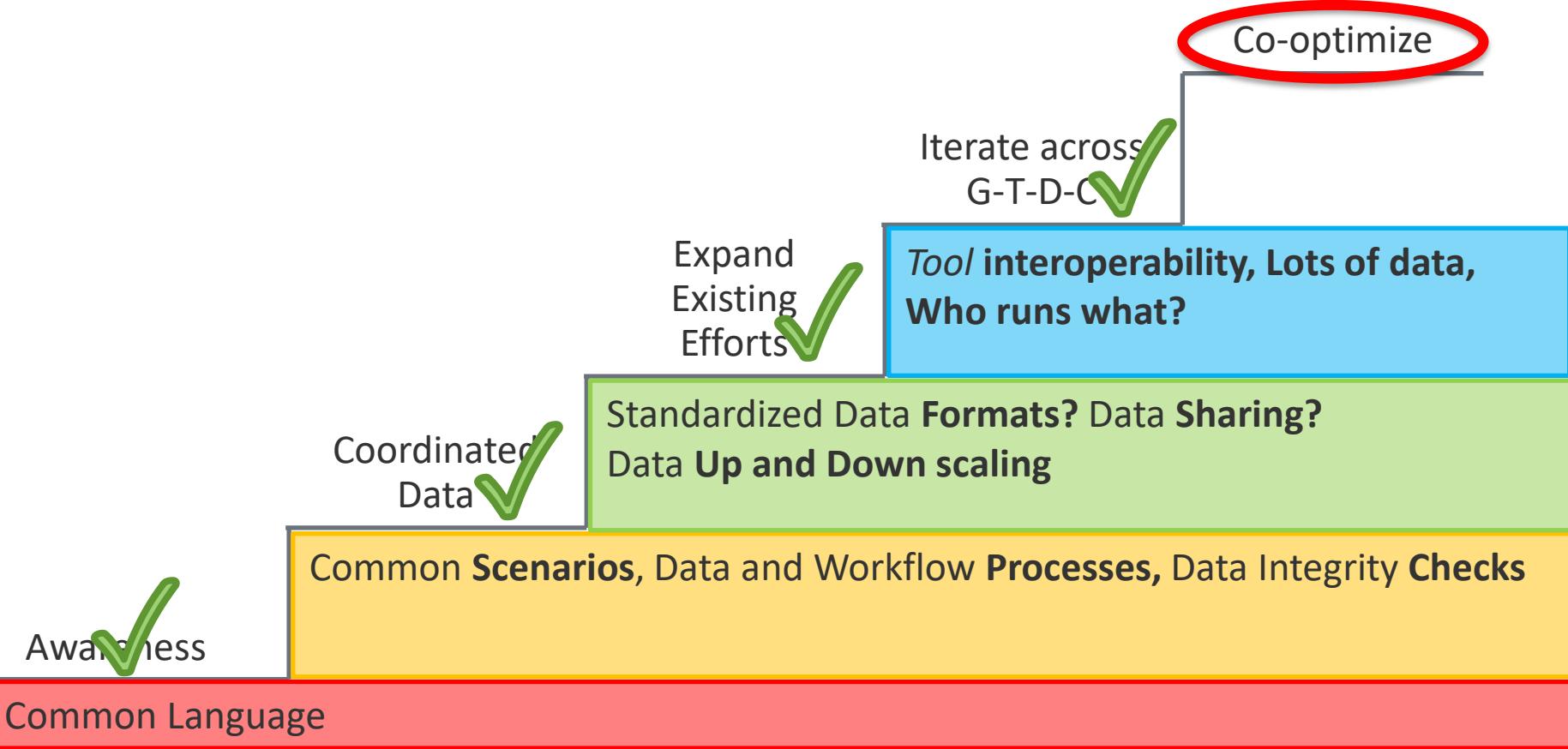
The Preferred Plans for each island were developed as a result of the resource, transmission, and distribution analyses.



How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)



How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)

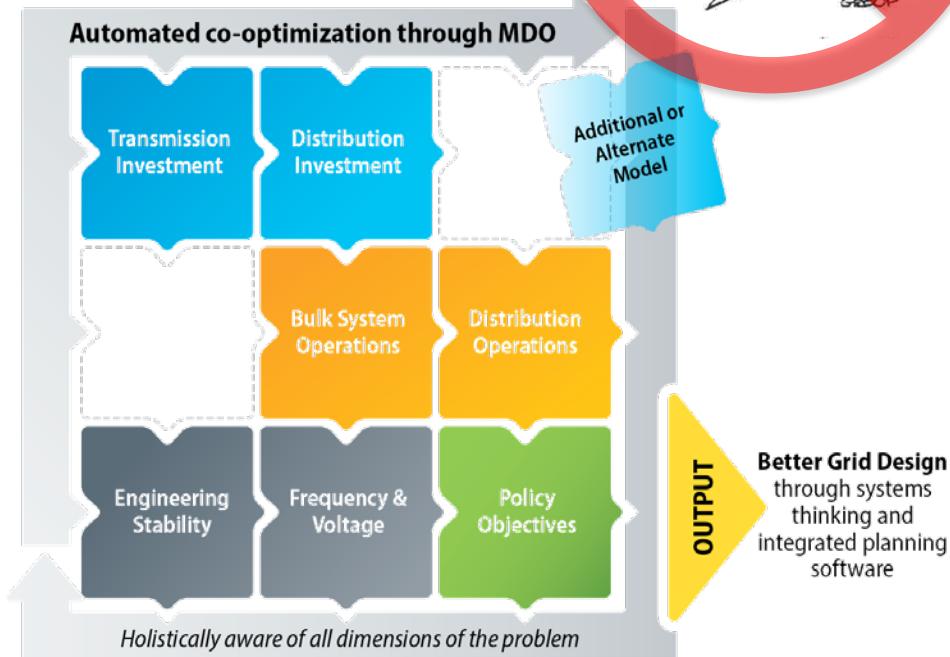


Imagine if you could integrate existing tools into a co-optimization

This is exactly what NREL is doing in collaboration with the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority

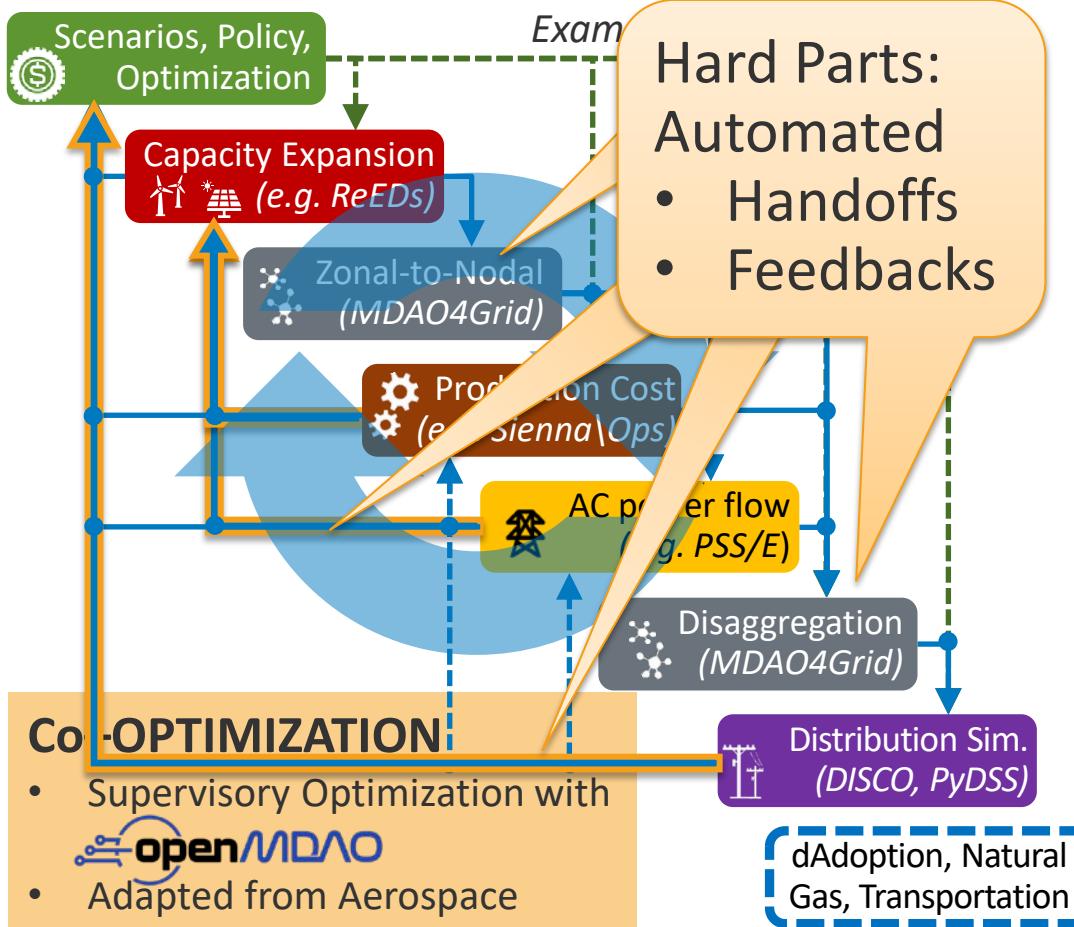
MDO4Grid

- Adapt aerospace-developed multi-disciplinary design and analysis optimization (MDO/MDAO) for the grid
 - Integration at Conceptual Design Phase
 - Automated supervisory optimization
 - Modular: mix-and-match existing trusted analysis tools
 - Technical, economic, and social considerations in one framework



MDO4Grid

Expansion
Planning++

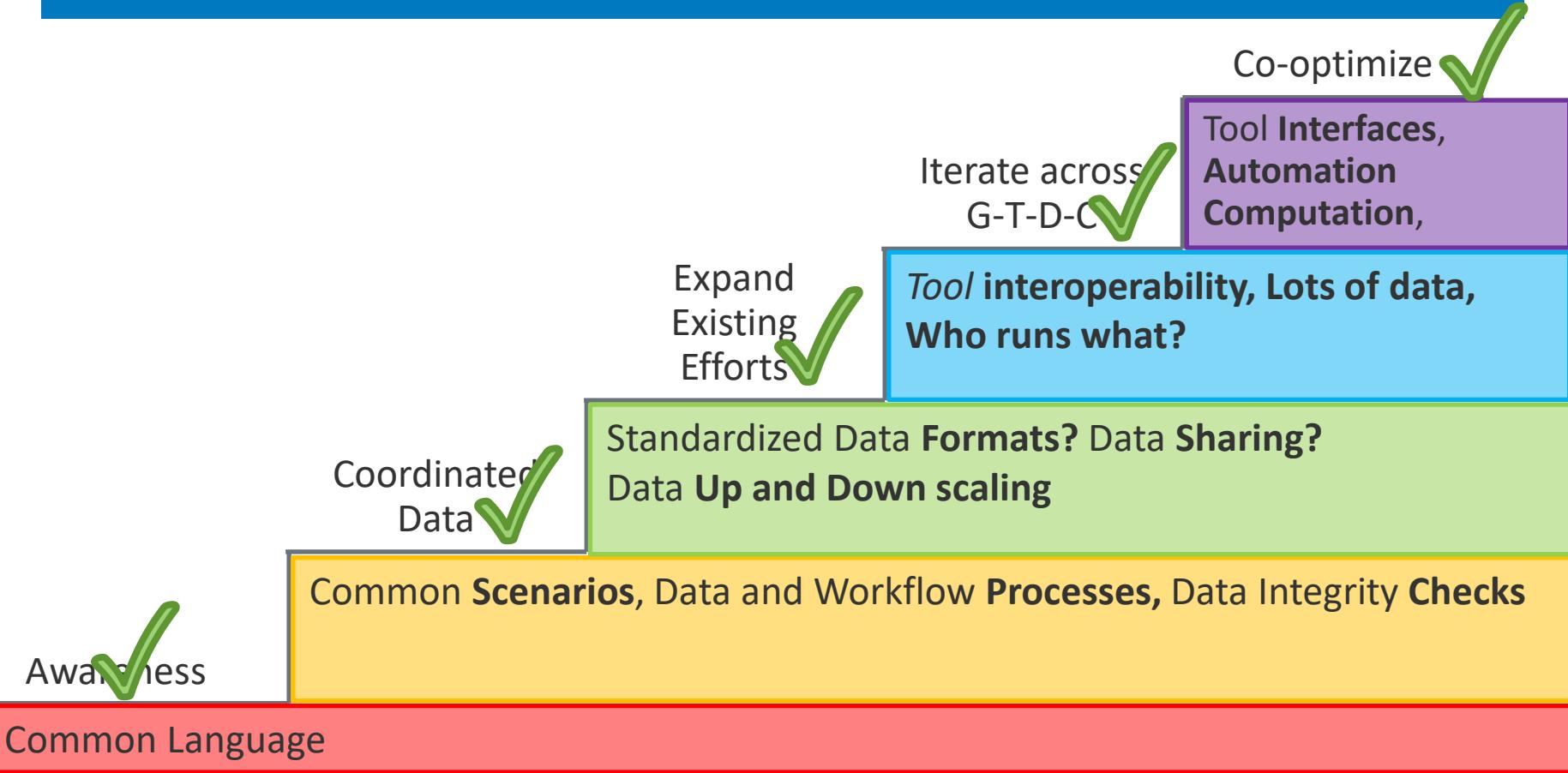


Automated conceptual design phase framework to endogenously capture multi-domain interactions and *feedbacks*

- Combine existing design tools
 - Investment, Policy
 - Operations, Markets
 - Engineering Assessments
- Reconfigure for different analyses:
 - Transmission-Distribution
 - Investment, markets, services
 - DER Adoption
 - High-IBR investment
 - Grid+X (transport, buildings, gas)
- Mix and match tools & Flow

Palmintier, Bryan, Rodrigo Henriquez-Auba, Nadia Panossian, Patrick Brown, Jose Daniel Lara, and Aadil Latif. 2025. "Toward Multidisciplinary Design, Analysis, and Optimization (MDO) for Co-Designed Transmission & Distribution Electric Grid Planning." (In Review)

How might we get there? (and challenges/needs)

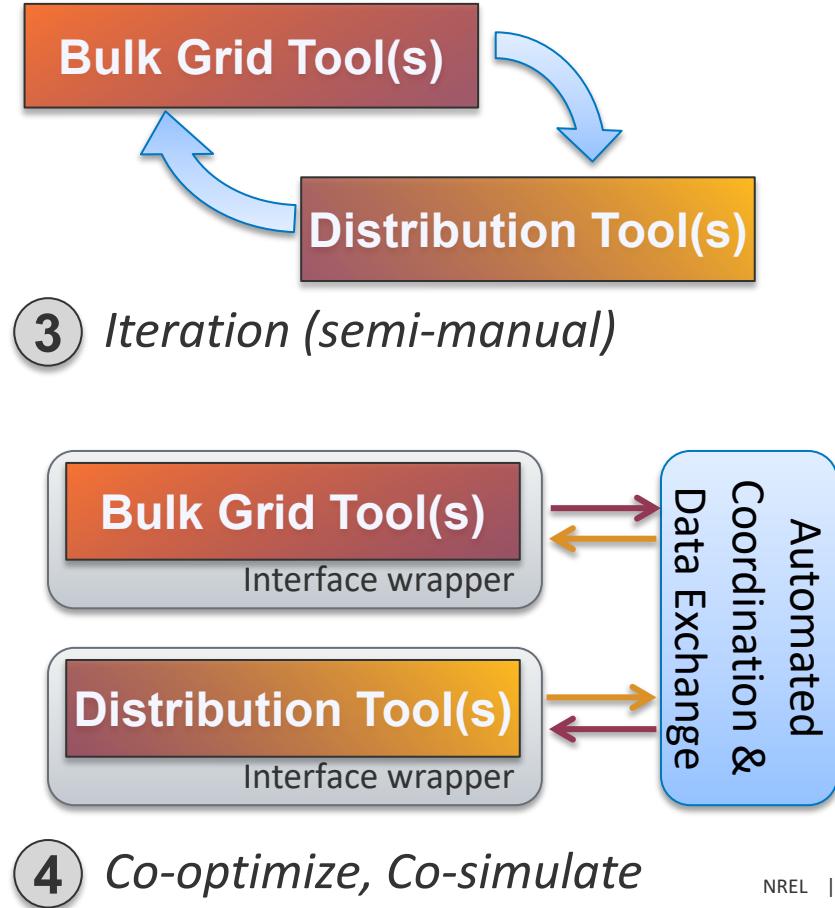
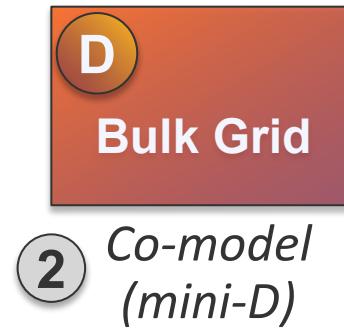
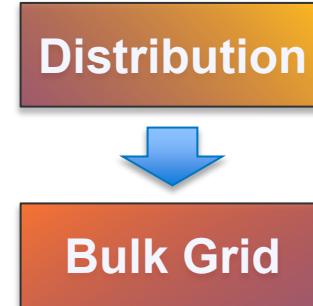
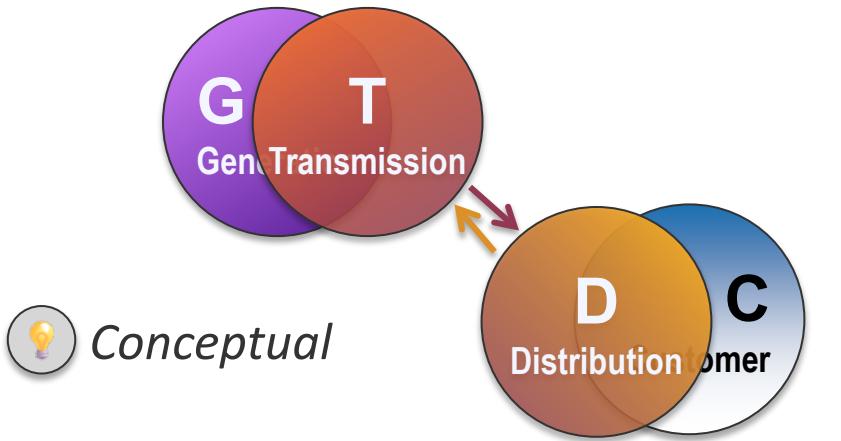


Putting It All Together

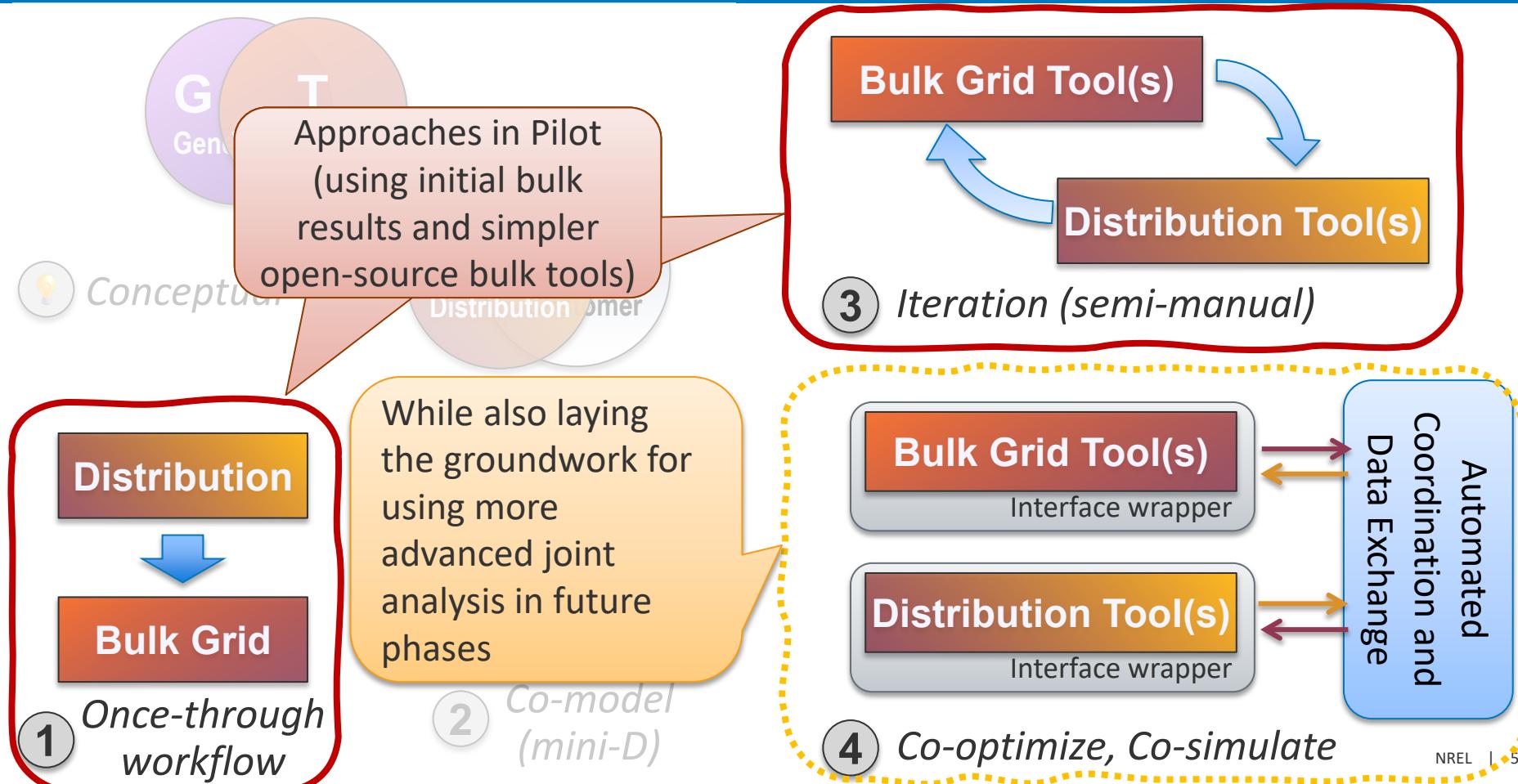
Using an example from the on-going Pacific Northwest Regional Energy Planning Project's Distribution/T&D effort at NREL.

Showcases all levels of the “stair steps” just described

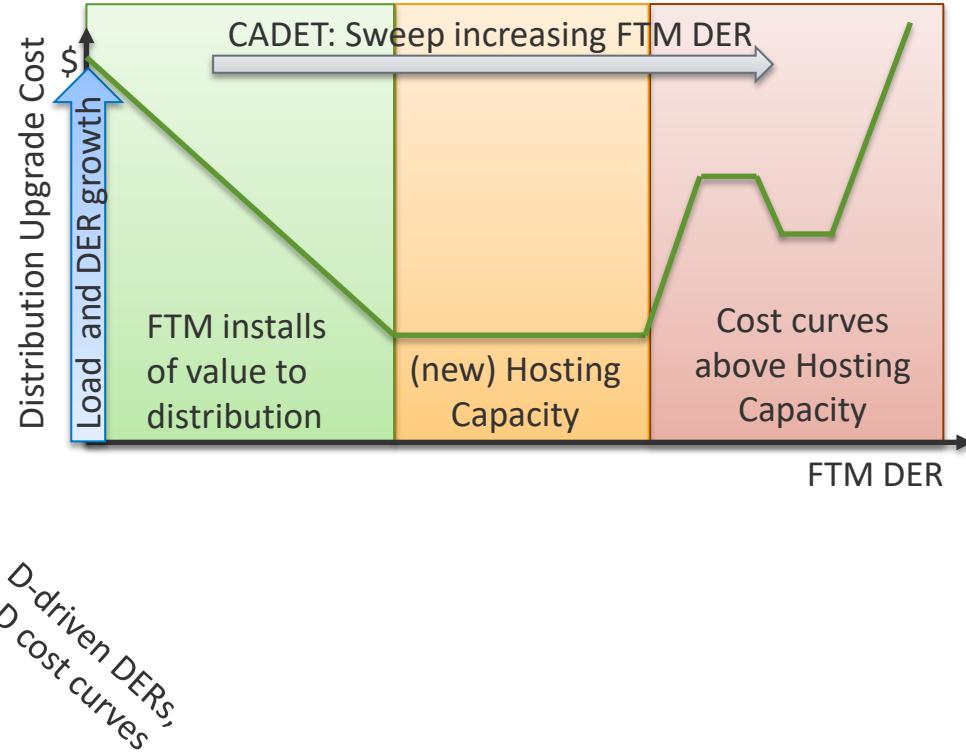
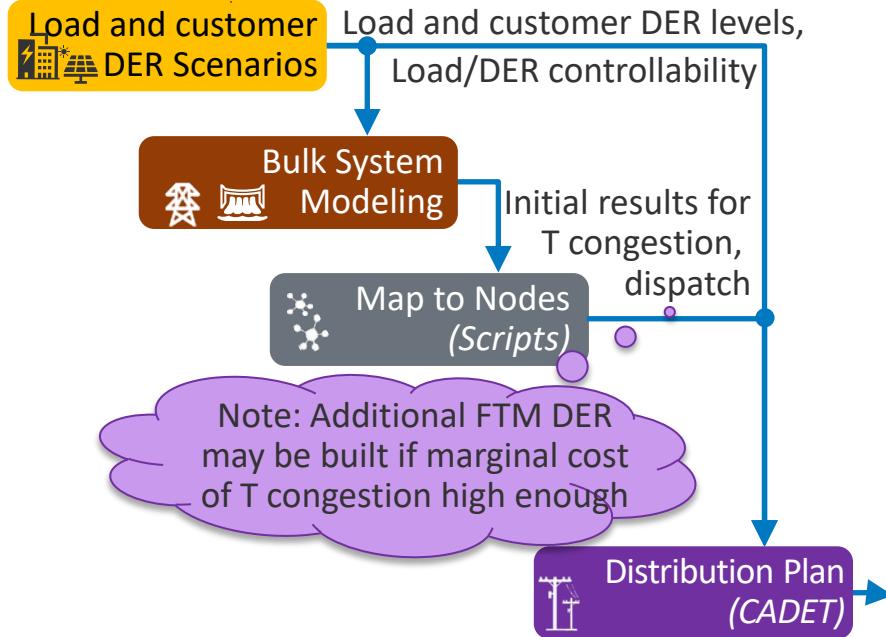
Options for modeling T&D (scales) together



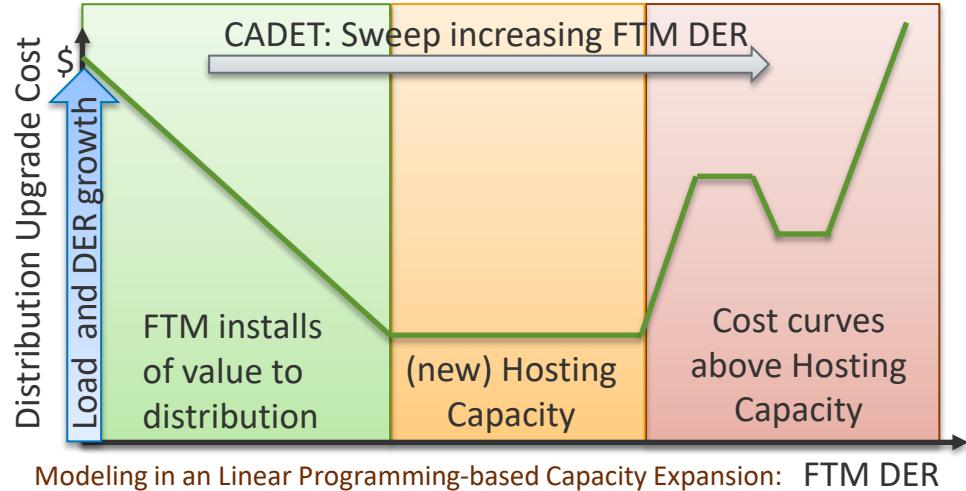
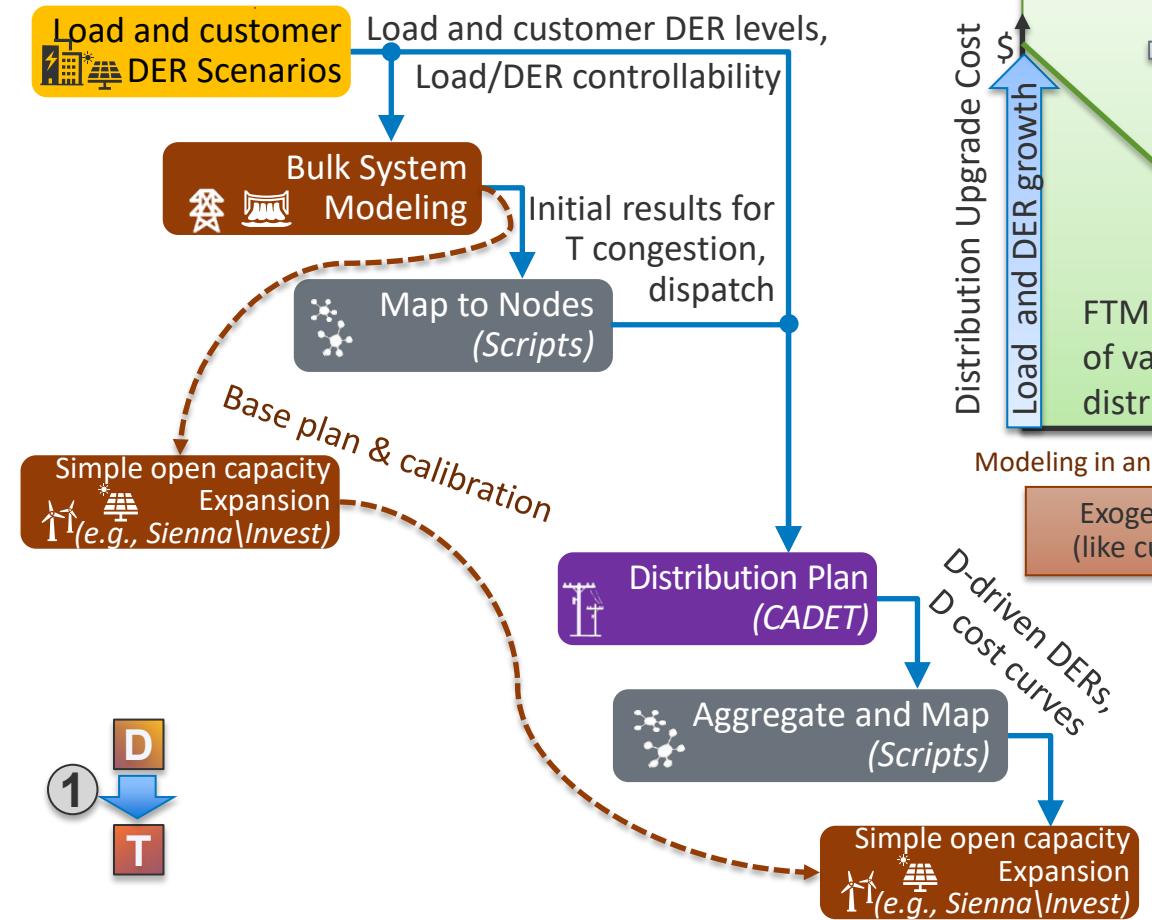
The Pacific Northwest Regional Energy Planning Project (PREPP) T&D example



An example for T&D integrated planning

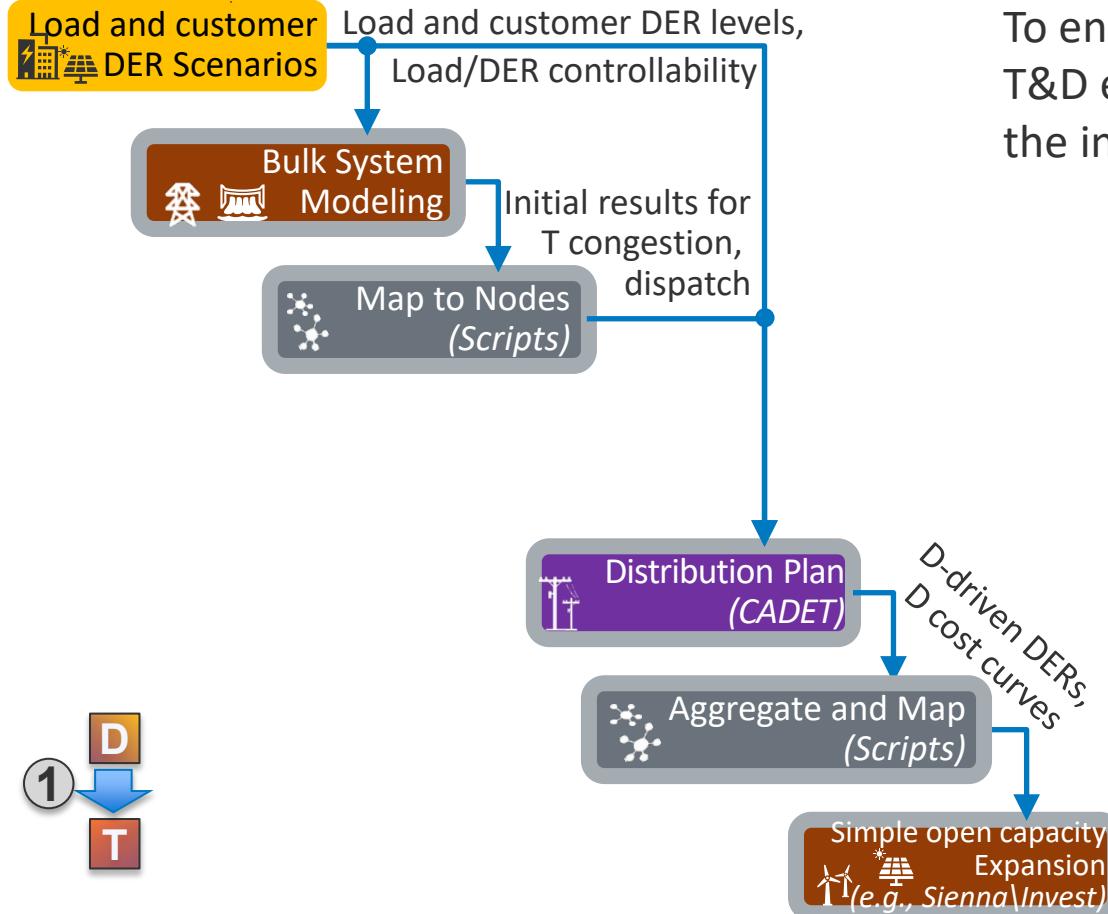


How might the T&D pilot work? (Part 1)

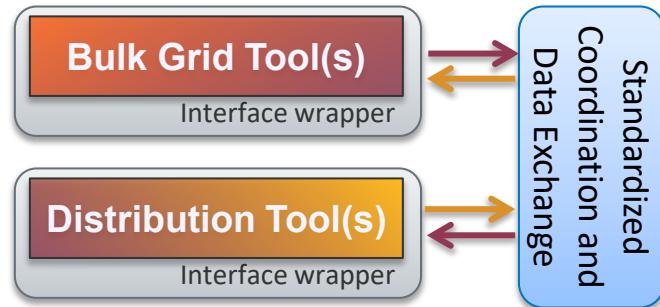


Outcome: Identify changes to bulk capacity plan as result of including distribution

We'll also lay future analysis foundations (Framework)



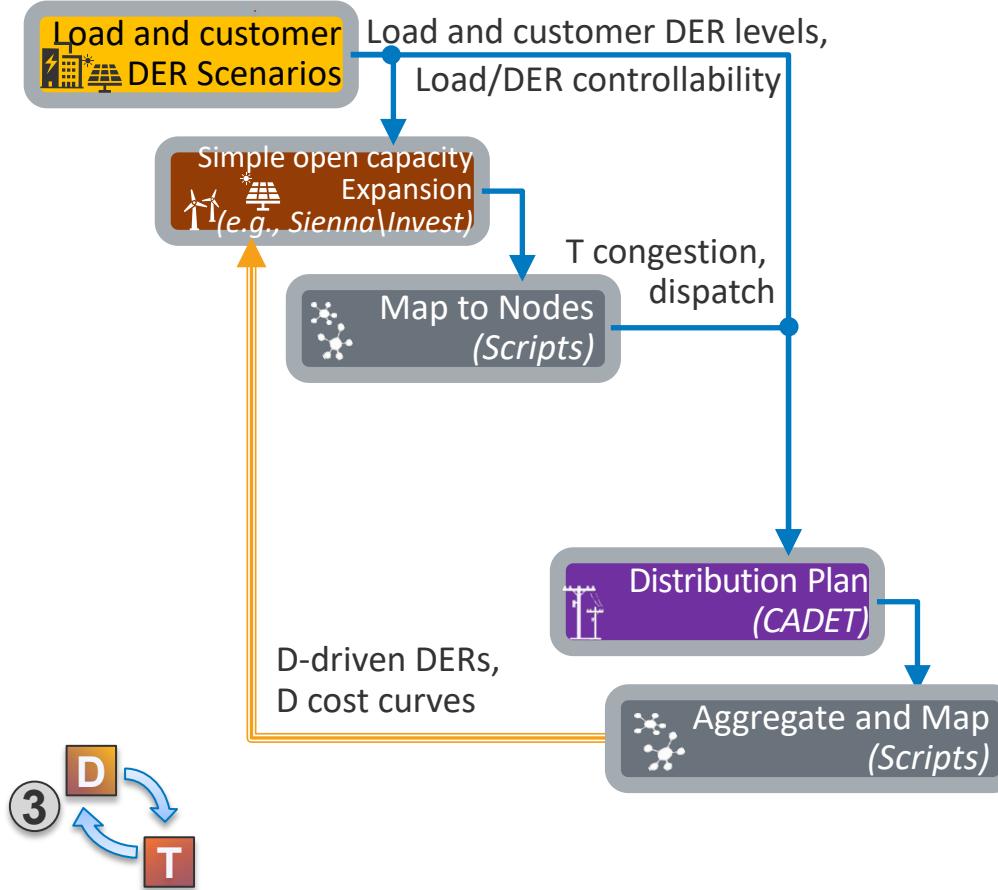
To enable more advanced workflows, the T&D effort will work toward standardizing the interfaces for the various domains.



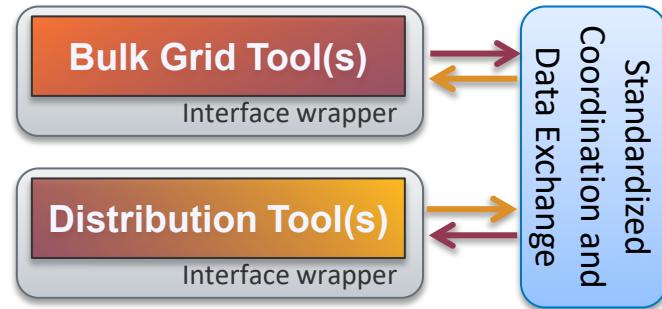
This allows the use of standardized coordination and data exchange frameworks like **PIPES**.



And (if time allows) try to close the iteration loop

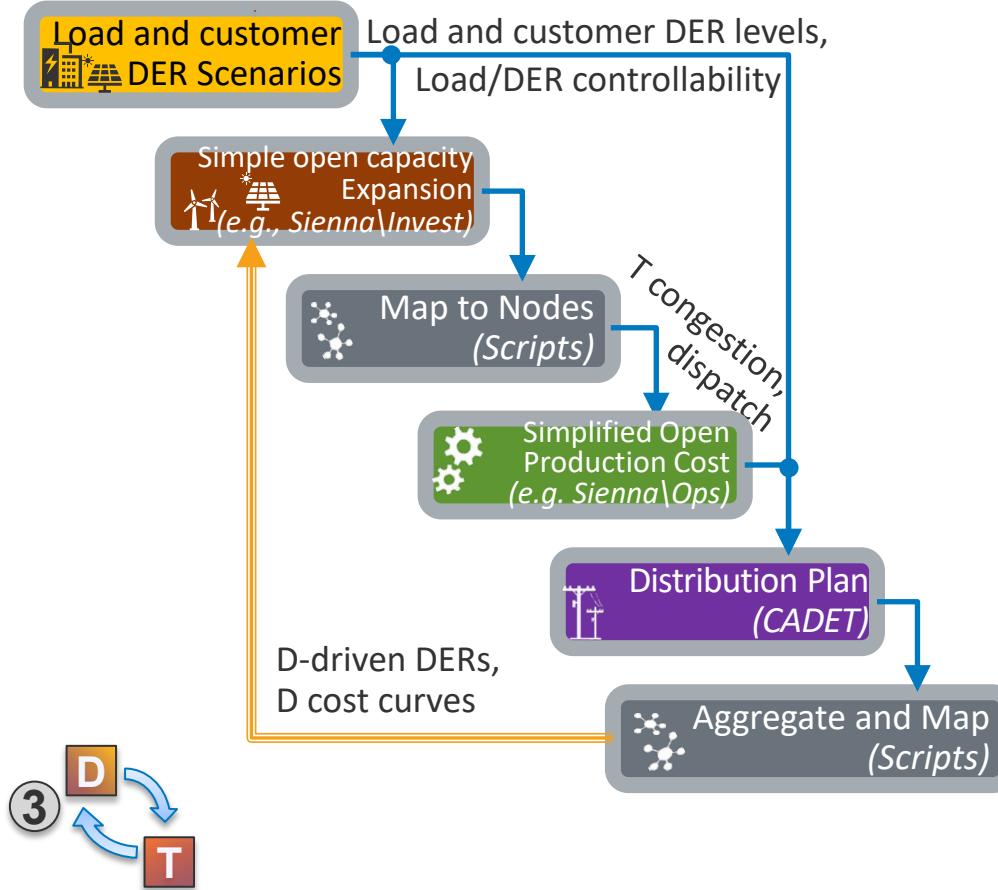


To enable more advanced workflows, the T&D effort will work toward standardizing the interfaces for the various domains.



This allows the use of standardized coordination and data exchange frameworks like **PIPS** or **MDO4Grid** for iteration. And it simplifies changing out tools.

And (if time allows) try to close the iteration loop



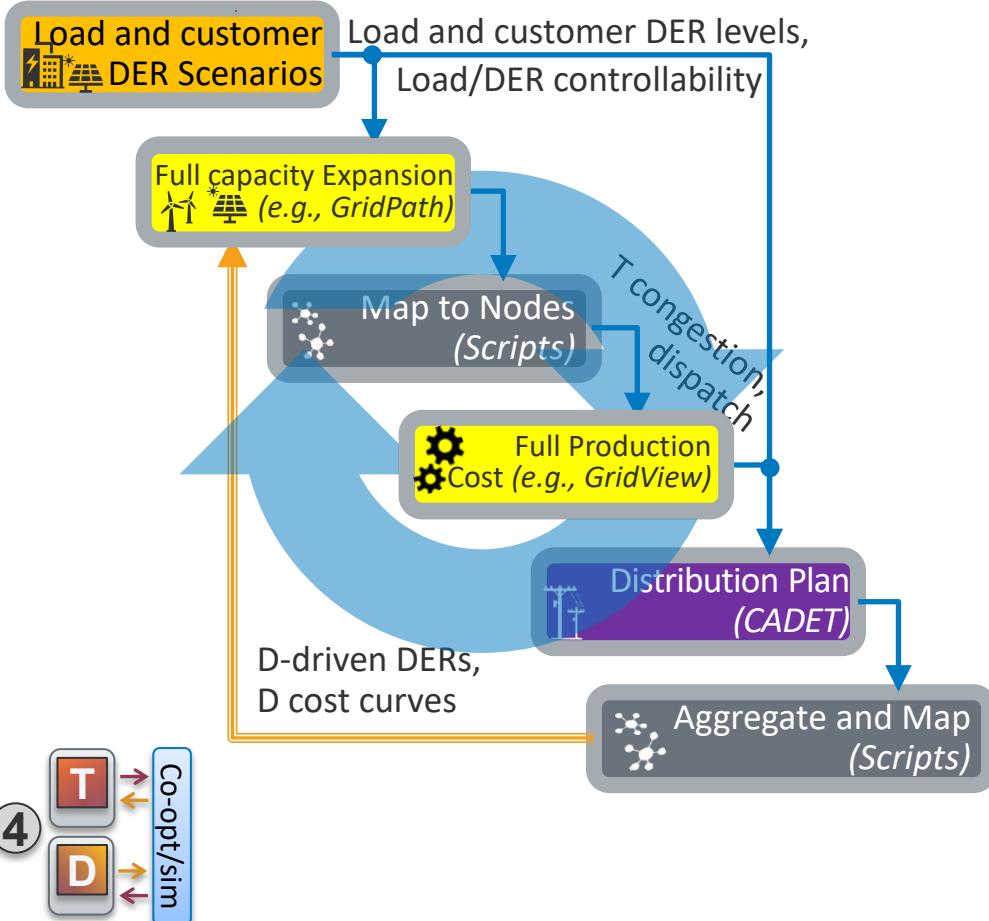
Outcome: Semi-automated iteration. Experiments to consider additional value streams, manage convergence, and optimize data exchange

This allows the use of standardized coordination and data exchange frameworks like **PIPS** or **MDO4Grid** for iteration. And simplifies changing out tools

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This also enables more integrated analysis for Phase 2+



Phase 2 possibilities:

- Integrating bulk PREPP tools
- Expanding analysis (without changing other pieces):
 - Adequacy
 - Multi-Energy
 - Endogenous Adoption
- Co-simulation for T&D ops & engineering with



This allows the use of standardized coordination and data exchange frameworks like **PIPS** or **MDO4Grid** for iteration. And simplifies changing out tools

Recap, benefits, and looking ahead

- Increasingly important to combine bulk and local scales for the grid
 - Reduce overall costs, e.g. by avoiding over/double building
 - Increase system reliability/resilience, e.g. DERs can support local power during storms, etc.
- Across multiple time-scales: Engineering, Operations, Planning
- Range of increasingly sophisticated approaches (examples in slides):
 - Walk: awareness, Harmonize data and scenarios
 - Jog: Expand existing approaches, e.g. data exchange
 - Run: Iteration, automation, co-optimization
- Multi-model frameworks can support Jog & especially Run levels



Thank You

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